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☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

WE ARE GROWING OLD.

BY FRANCIS BROWE.

We are growing old—how the thought will rise
When a glance is backward cast
On some long remembered spot, that lies
In the silence of the past:
It may be the shrine of our early vows,
Or the tomb of early tears:
But it seems like a far off isle to us,
In the sea of early years.

Our ride and wild are the waves that part
Our steps from its greenness now—
And we miss the joy of many a heart,
And the light of many a brow:
For deep o'er many a stately bark
Have the whelming billows rolled,
That steered with us from that early mark—
Our friends, we are growing old.

Old in the dimness and the dust
Of our daily toils and cares,
Old in the wrecks of love and trust
Which our burden'd memory bears.
Each form may wear to the passing gaze
The bloom of life's freshness yet,
And beams may brighten our latter days
Which the morning never met.

But oh! the changes we have seen
In the far and winding way,—
The graves in our path that have grown green,
And the locks that have grown gray!
The winters still on our own may spare
The sable or the gold:
But we saw their snows on brighter hair—
Ah! friends, we are growing old!

We have gained the world's cold wisdom now,
We have learn'd to pause and fear—
But where are the living founts, whose flow
Was a joy of heart to hear?
We have won the wealth of many a clime,
And the lore of many a page—
But where is the hope that saw in Time
Its boundless heritage?

Will time again, when the violet wakes,
With the woods their youth renew?—
Will we rove in the light of sunny brakes,
Where the bloom was deep and blue:
And our souls might joy in the spring time then
But the joy was faint and cold—
Oh! it never could give us the youth again
Of hearts that are growing old.

For the Beaver Argus.

MINNESOTA TERRITORY—ITS ADAPTATION TO AGRICULTURE.

CLINTON, IOWA, June 8, 1857.

Mr. Clark, Editor:—I have been so constantly upon the move, that I have not found it convenient to give you a passing note, since I left Faribault. I will endeavor to give a brief note of some prominent points. The country South of Faribault is, in my opinion, better adapted to general agriculture than any other section of Minnesota, and will richly repay labor. All the products of the Farmer are enormously high at this time, owing to the large emigration to the Territory, and I presume that high prices will linger for a few years. In Minnesota the people now consume Illinois Beef, Flour and Corn, Ohio Butter, and Dried Peaches from New Jersey. The soil, in the greater part of the Territory, is a rich sandy loam, which produces with astonishing rapidity, and is well adapted to the climate. Garden vegetables attain as fine a growth as in any portion of the world that I have been in. It is well known that the rapid perfection of vegetables adds greatly to their excellency, and I think Minnesota can challenge the world in the production of vegetables generally, and potatoes in particular. This season so far, has been very backward, and is particularly discouraging to the new comers in the Territory. There is a great buoyancy in the spirit of the people of the Territory. They anticipate great things for their embryo State. The Legislative council has just disposed of the munificent grant of lands to the [illegible] made by the last Congress. The people look forward to the time, (in their opinion not distant) when the State will be a net work of Rail Roads, which will develop its resources and rapidly increase its population; luring the population from the old States, with the promise of cheap lands and abundant Rail Road facilities, without taxation. Indeed, the 3 per cent. tax to be assessed upon the earnings of the Rail Roads which obtain the land grants, will, if judiciously managed, defray the expenses of an economical State Administration.

Minnesota is destined to be inhabited by an active, intelligent and energetic population, but it is too cold for most people residing below the 46th degree of latitude. It can never be a stock raising country, and when its farming population becomes dense, its farmers must be content with comparatively low prices for their products. It cannot compete with Southern Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio, in cheap production and steadiness and cheapness of transportation to market. Prices of lands are comparatively high in Minnesota, but claims or preemptions can yet be made upon excellent lands. Let all persons who design emigrating to the Territory, from Pennsylvania, bear in mind the fact that they are exchanging a comparatively mild climate with *an abundance* of fuel for one much *more severe*, with a *scarcity* of that very necessary article. Coal has not yet been found in the Territory. St. Paul has improved very much within a year, and is steadily and rapidly marching forward in its career and will be a very large city. It is rather too *fast* a town for my taste. There is an excited state of feeling prevading the minds of almost all its citizens, which partakes very much of the feeling that animates the gambler.

City lots, real estate, rates of interest, new town cites, fast horses, &c., are the topics of conversation in the Hotels, upon the streets, and wherever conversation is tolerated, and would doubtless be in the churches, were it "in order." This is not strange when we remember that almost every person in the Territory removed to it, to *better their condition*, and were impressible to the speculation fever, which has increased in most cases, with every days continuance in the Territory.

In St. Paul there is a great deal of extravagance in dress, and attempts at equipage and show. Sudden wealth has turned the heads of many who have been fortunate in real estate speculations and they wish to let the world know *how rich they are*, and every one, who has this disposition, manifests it in his own peculiar way. Some in sporting a splendid carriage and a span of blacks, which cost $2000, others by building costly houses, and in fitting them up with splendid furniture. This is the sign of what Mike Walsh would call the "Cod-fish Aristocracy" in St. Paul. One fellow who had suddenly came into the possession of a few thousand, thought he could best publish his wealth by sporting an enormous gold chain to his watch, with a large gold guard chain around his neck, and that he might display it to greater advantage, he wore the guard out-side of his vest, and the chain dangling full length from his fob, and for a breast pin, he had seven gold dollar pieces, formed into a cross. This was his way of saying "I am richer than you." Mike Walsh was not far wrong when he said that "I could bow to an aristocracy of virtue,—could tolerate an aristocracy of mind,—but for an aristocracy which claimed wealth for its basis, and pretentions, he could yield them nothing but the contempt due to a 'cod-fish aristocracy.'"

St. Anthony's Falls and Minneapolis are fine towns, possessing the finest water-power in the world, and the most easily improved. They are rapidly improving. Lots which I could have purchased in September last, for from $400 to $600, have been sold this month for from $1800 to $2500, cash. These towns are greatly favored in the acts recently passed, incorporating Railroad companies. The scarcity and dearness of Fuel, will in all times, render steam-power an expensive manufacturing agent in Minnesota, consequently increasing the value of water-power. The Falls of the Mississippi at those places, gives a power almost beyond computation, and which is being rapidly improved. The great Saw-Mill at St. Anthony's, will cut this season, (of 8 months) sixteen million of feet of lumber. The [illegible] Water Company have decided to cut their race through the rock this summer. The race and dam will cost $25,000. When completed its value can scarcely be estimated. There are *too few* producers in Minnesota, and *too many* speculators. Prices are too high, and unless the east continues to pour money into the Territory, prices will not be long sustained. In my opinion, it is a very dangerous time to invest much in Town property in Minnesota. *Money* has been loaned last winter at from 3 to 5 per cent. per month, on short time. Speculators in all cases the borrowers. Money can now be safely loaned at from 1½ to 2½ per cent. per month. There are no usury laws in the Territory. The late elections, owing to the frauds in St. Paul are in favor of the Administration party. It is my opinion that a popular vote (without fraud) will show Minnesota Republican by a large majority.

* * *

Crops in Ohio.

The Cincinnati Gazette gives the following abstract of the crop prospect in the Miami Valley.

1. Of Wheat there is a good deal sown, and not blighted by rust; there will be an average per acre, and therefore a larger aggregate than usual. The wheat is now heading out, and looks well. It has not grown unusually high, and is likely to bear good sized grains.

2. Barley, though not a great deal sown, is remarkably good.

3. Oats are about a foot high—sown late—and look tolerably well.

4. Corn was planted late, and is generally about three or four inches high. It has come up well, but we can pronounce no opinion upon it. We are likely to have rain enough, and therefore it will depend on the length of the season, whether corn makes a full crop. It was planted late, and must have three months of hot weather.

5. Grass and Hay—These promise to be unusually abundant, still the rains have brought grass out so rapidly it may not be as heavy as usual.

6. Potatoes—more Potatoes have been planted in the Miami country than ever before; and most of the ground for them has been taken from the Corn land. This with a large amount of Wheat, may diminish the quantity of Corn in the Miami valley.

Of Fruit we shall have a tolerable if not a full crop. Neither Apples nor Cherries will be so abundant as at first supposed, at least in this section. There was an immense number of blossoms, but many of them never came to maturity. Of Peaches there will be a great crop, on the bearing trees, but it must be recollected, that a great many trees have been killed in the hard winters, we suspect a full half.

Condensed Argument.—A very celebrated Scotch divine says: "The world we inhabit must have had an origin; that origin must have consisted in a cause; that cause must have been intelligent; that intelligence must have been efficient; that efficiency must have been ultimate; that ultimate power must have been supreme; and that which always was and is supreme, we know by the name of God!"

THE OLD WORLD.

Letter from Bishop Simpson.

Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

At 11½ o'clock on Wednesday, May 13th 1857, I had said "farewell" to the many kind friends who had met at the wharf in Jersey City, to give their parting blessing, and was on board the Steamer Africa.—The gangway was drawn in, the chains and cables were loosed, and slowly and majestically the ship turned her head toward the sea, and as the echoes of her cannon came back across the bay, seemed to exult in the prospect of riding upon the waves of the Atlantic. Many white handkerchiefs were waved from the deck and from the shore, as the last marks of recognition, while many a silent tear evinced a deep feeling at the separation of friends, and shadows of foreboding as to future reunion. As the view became indistinct, all I suppose, fancied as I did, that the waving handkerchiefs were from their own circle of friends, and especially did I fancy that the last glimpse of recognition was from the eyes of affection which have beamed upon me with love for these twenty years. And just here I must be permitted to record my grateful acknowledgments to my dear friends, Mr and Mrs. Kramer, and Mr. and Mrs. Bradley, for their kindness in accompanying Mrs. S. to New York to witness my departure. May God reward them for this and other acts of kindness to myself and family.

As we sailed down the bay, the busy marts of our great mercantile metropolis, its gay throngs, its splendid palaces, its towering steeples, gradually receded from view; and the city-lined shores were either hidden by some intervening object as we wound our way amid the bars, or faded from vision as dim lines in the distant horizon. Passing through the Narrows into the frowning forts commanding the entrance to the harbor, a few hours brought us to the last low projecting point of land, crowned with its lighthouses, and called from its shape and position Sandy Hook.—Here our pilot was dismissed, the last links which bound us to the land were severed, and we stood boldly out in the "wide, wide sea." Yet for several miles, upon our left, were visible the low coasts of Long Island, and upon our right and behind us gradually sunk away the hills of Neversink. But long before evening the last trace of land was gone, and the sea was scarcely ruffled by a passing breeze.

My son who accompanied me, and myself occupied an inside room; for although my passage was engaged nearly two months before sailing, yet such at this season of the year is the amount of travelling that the outside rooms were all engaged [illegible] time. We found this, however no inconvenience, as the weather did not permit the opening of the outside windows, or port holes, and we were farther removed from dampness and from the noise of the waves. About two hundred passengers were on board, from many lands and of many languages. Passing to and fro, you could hear English, French, German, Spanish and Italian mingling together in confused sounds. Here was the attorney, there the physician; here the merchant on his way to China to purchase tea, another to buy silks and jewelry in Europe; there a party of ladies and gentlemen bound for sight-seeing in London, Paris and Rome,—and another homeward bound to meet loved relatives at a family gathering in the fatherland. Amongst the rest, noisiest and sharpest, were French and German Jews, ever alert to win a penny either by betting or gambling. We had notabilities also.—That elderly gentleman, of some sixty years, with his thin, greyish locks, and frank, benevolent looking countenance, of moderate stature, but thick set frame, who has a kind word for every body, either in French, German or English, is Chevalier Hulseman, the Austrian Minister at Washington. You may recollect how he was *immortalized* by Webster in the Kosta controversy. By the way, I have always thought that Webster wrote that withering letter, with its haughty defiance, not for Chevalier Hussleman, or his Majesty Joseph II. alone, but for the purpose of sounding in the ears of all Europe the views and purposes of young America. That sharp-visaged old man, with his black moustaches, who seems to be so busy at the card table, is said to be the Russian Consul at New Orleans—and yon black-eyed, bronzed-faced young man has been Secretary of the Brazilian Legation at Washington, but is now *promoted*, as he says, to the same office at London. Down beside him is an attache of the French Legation, who is said to bear the honor of being a Count; but plain looking as he is even among the plainest of the company—were it not for his title, one might almost question how much he would *count*. The pretty little Countess, however, with her dark eyes, Castillian air and her Spanish movement, seems to be a favorite in her circle. Upon my right are four Moravian ministers, on their way as delegates to the General Synod of the Church in Herrnhut, Saxony. They are leading men in their communion, gentlemanly and sweet-spirited, and I have enjoyed pleasant hours of converse with them.

The first two days at sea, the air was calm, we made about 260 miles a day, and the company was in excellent spirits. The next two days we had a head wind, with some showers. The sea was slightly ruffled—and with it, if not the *temper*, at least the *stomachs*, of some of the passengers.—The wind veered from east to north, and from Sunday to Thursday our tables were but thinly attended. The ladies, with a few exceptions, especially, suffered during the gale, being unable to be either on deck or at the table, and many of the men looked as though they had lost their last friend on earth. On Thursday, however the sun began to shine again—the sea became more smooth, and on Friday the company was as lively and cheerful as ever.

On Sunday, notwithstanding the rough weather, yet, at the invitation of the captain and a number of the passengers, I had the opportunity of preaching to a very attentive and solemn company. This is very unusual on the Cunard steamers, but Capt. Shannon is gentlemanly and liberal as well as skillful and attentive. And I may add here that I have never seen on any other ship such perfect order as constantly prevailed among the officers and men on board the Africa. Not a little of the comfort of the passengers arose from the feeling of confidence which the bearing and conduct of the officers inspired. Sunday afternoon we came in sight of Newfoundland, and passed near Cape Pine and Cape Race. As the bold, rocky shores of that dreary island faded away, we felt we had left America and being in a British ship, were fairly inside the dominion of Queen Victoria.

We came in sight of the northern coast of Ireland on Saturday morning. Passing between Main Head the most projecting point, and a little rocky island called Inistrobull, we had our first distinct view of the land. The island has a fine light-house and neat grounds attached, and I suppose ten or a dozen houses. Spy glasses and opera glasses were in requisition, and cattle could be plainly seen. The inhabitants must live by fishing, as the island is too small and rocky for agricultural purposes. The main coast of Ireland is bold and bleak and I was surprised to find it so hilly, or even mountainous. Scarcely a habitation was visible, though it must be densely populated. It was on this coast that an invasion was apprehended in 1798, when the French were flushed with victory; and a captain in the British army pointed to several spots where temporary fortifications had been made. By the way, this same captain had just been to our country to make investments, and was full of enthusiasm as to the prospects of Cairo, where he had purchased city lots.

The light-house at Innishowen showed us the entrance to Lough Foyle, on which Londonderry is situated and the story of its terrible sufferings and its protracted siege came vividly before us. In the morning of our last Sunday it became foggy, and though I saw the entrance to Belfast and the town of Donoghadee, together with the opposite coast of Galwayshire, in Scotland, which is only seventeen miles distant, yet the view became indistinct, and no more land was seen until about noon, when the bold mountainous peaks of Wales appeared upon our right as we stood for the harbor of Liverpool. At 3 o'clock we anchored in the Mersey, the custom-house officers came aboard, our *baggage* was opened (for on this [illegible] signs four) and at 5 our feet stood on Albion's firm shores. Thanks be to Him who rules the winds and the waves, and who was pleased to give us a safe voyage across the broad Atlantic.

M. S.

Liverpool, England, May 26, 1857

A Woman's Trick.

Painting is said to be carried to great excess at the present time among the fashionable ladies of Paris, notwithstanding the use of paint ruins the natural complection.

A malicious practical joke which an English lady devised to torment the painted beauties, is thus "made a note of" in a Paris letter to the New Orleans Picayune:

"They tell a very good joke of an elderly English woman who had trained a little Havana dog to lick the face of the person who kissses it. They say that whenever she meets with a lady under colors, she makes her puppy jump on the lady's lap; the lady caresses the dear little creature, without suspecting that it is a perfidious little scoundrel, which unpaints her cheek with its false but vigorous licking. Not long ago this English woman was at a brilliant party in the fauburg Saint Honore, she singled out among all the guests an Italian lady of noble birth, who is extremely addicted to paint, and conventional signal, *Bibi* jumped into the Italian's lap and began to play its tongue with great energy—one side of the Florentine's cheek was like a peach smothered in creams, the complexion of sweet sixteen; the other side was shriveled, wrinkled and yellow. It required all the French dexterity of smothering laughter to suppress the peals of merriment, which this sight excited to explosition; and the malice of the English woman was delighted by the laughing eyes of the whole room. But that night *Bibi* was taken sick with a violent *quatrain* and two days afterward it growled its last bow-wow wow in the arms of its weeping and desolate mistress, who told everybody that it was the paint of the Italian which killed this angelic pug, and she spreads this report so industrously, it is said there is no small chance of its getting into the Court house in the shape of a suit for slander. The rumor goes that the English woman is now busy training a King Charles dog to the masterly activity of tongue which distinguished *feu le Havanais*."

☞ The Comet, has taken the back track. Mr Tuttle writes to the Newburyport *Herald* that "it has already passed its perihilion and its nearest approximation to the earth, and is now receding from us at a rapid rate, in its flight through space, in its eccentric orbit; and consequently, we need no longer be under fears of its dashing against the earth. Its nearest approach to the earth was on the 8th of May, when it was twenty millions of miles distant from us. Besides, this new comet, having always returned to this part of its orbit once in ten years, (the time of its ascertained periodic revolution,) without impinging against us, there was no more valid reason for fearing a collision at this time than at any other period since the whole system of planetary orbs was launched into space, each body to move in harmony with every other, according to wise, established and unchanging laws."

ROMANTIC INCIDENT.

It is said that some sixteen years since a young gentleman in New York city contrived awhile to pay his addresses to a beautiful girl there, the daughter of an obstinate Pearl St. merchant, who was opposed to the young man visiting his daughter. He persisted in his endeavors to win the young lady, and at last he was forbidden to enter the old man's house.

Still the lovers continued to meet occasionally, afterwards; and at the expiration of some six months, matters having been previously so arranged, the girl consented to marry the youth. He did not seek the parents were obdurate, and he was driven from the house.

At the end of a twelvemonth they agreed to be married, and all the requisite arrangements were made; the evening fixed upon, and even the chaplain had been engaged. But on the morning of the day proposed secretly for the nuptials, the whole plan was discovered, and the match broken off preemptorily by the absolute authority of the parents.

Time passed on; the daughter was sent to a distant part of the country for awhile—the young man was disappointed and disheartened, and left New York for the West, where he remained for two years. Meantime a person to suit the tastes of the parents turned up—a man of considerable means, but old enough to be the young girl's father, and a match was arranged, after a long persuasion between Emma and this man, and she wedded him at last.

Three years subsequently the young man found himself in New England where he settled and took a wife also, and some dozen years passed away, with their thousand and one changes of place, of circumstances and of fortune. From the time of their seperation the original lovers had never met.

The young man became the father of three little ones; and then lost two of these, which bereavement was soon after followed by the death of his wife. Time flew by—he had been fortunate in his business, and resided a few miles out of Boston, in a cottage surrounded by the comforts of life, and in the enjoyment of the society of his dear little daughter.

One day he was returning home in the afternoon, and upon entering the cars found them to be full. He sought a seat and found one occupied by a lady about thirty and the cars soon moved out of the depot. As they entered into the light, he suddenly turned to the lady, and exclaimed, "Madame! Emma! Is this you?"

He didn't know exactly what he said, but it was a fact that he was on the seat with the girl whom he had really loved and whom he had not seen since the cruel seperation.

A mutual explanation quickly succeeded. Our widowed friend ascertained that his former intended was now on her way to the North, upon a visit; that she had been married nearly eleven years, had but one child living, and her husband had been dead over two years.

He pointed out his pretty cottage as the cars passed on—but did not leave the train. He proceeded forward, renewed the acquaintance, found the lady her own mistress, proposed to her again—and we record the fact with no ordinary degree of pleasure, that within three weeks the lovers were actually united in marriage in the city of Boston.

Freaks of a Lunatic.

A humorous incident recently occurred to a keeper in a lunatic asaylum in a neighboring city. He had occasion to enter the cell of a vicious maniac, who had formerly been an evangelical clergyman. He had of late become greatly tranquilized; so much so that the keeper felt no hesitancy in entering the cell to converse with the occupant. He was politely received and requested by the lunatic to accept a seat.—The keeper complied, when his adroit host flew to the door, seized the key which the confident keeper had allowed to remain in the lock, shot the bolt, and then brandished a weapon over the head of the hapless turnkey. "Down on your knees and pray," cried the madman. The turnkey, who supposed his last hour was come, knelt down in mortal fear to prepare for death. The hour was about eight o'clock, and he prayed steadily until nine, when, having pretty well exhausted his voice and his subject together, he stopped short, and undertook an appeal to the maniac's compassion.—"Pray on, or I'll brain you," was the maniac's only reply, as he again elevated his weapon over the turnkey's head. The turnkey went, as the real estate deeds say, "back to the place of beginning," and prayed the same thing over again. To cut a long story short, he was compelled by the madman, to pass the entire night in audible devotions, and when rescued in the morning by the other turnkeys, his voice had dwindled down to a gruff whisper while the forced continuance in one attitude had rendered his limbs entirely powerless.

☞ Beauty and wit will die—learning and wealth will vanish away—all the arts of life will be forgotten—but virtue will remain forever. Planted on earth, in a cold ungenial clime, it will bloom and blossom in heaven.

☞ To own yourself in an error, is to show that you are wiser than you were.

☞ A hypocrite pays tribute to God, only that he may impose on men.

A Hand-to-Hand Encounter.

Mr. R. W. Stockend, a clumsy, stout, active young Scotchman, associated in farming with Mr. Linklater, Tenalquot Plains, in Washington Territory, recently killed a large panther, six feet seven inches long, in a fair fist and boot fight—the circumstances attending which are related as follows:

It seems that at the farther end of a large field, about a quarter of a mile from the house, Mr. Stockend discovered quite a movement and disturbance among a lot of hogs that were kept in the field. He at once proceeded in the direction to ascertain the cause, when, to his surprise, at a short distance from the hogs, he discovered that a favorite young dog was engaged in a conflict with a panther. Determined to save the dog at all hazards, he resolved to interpose in the fight, expecting to frighten the panther up a tree that stood hard by, when he could return to the house for his rifle and bring it down. He accordingly gave the animal a substantial kick, when it ceased its engagement with the dog, straightened itself erect on its hind legs, and pitched into him. In the meantime the young dog made a hasty retreat.

The contest now seemed to be a desperate and very unequal one, but there was no escape from it for our friend Stockend. The panther made a furious dash at him, but retaining his full presence of mind, he met it with a furious kick. The fight now assumed the character of a 'rough and tumble,' and a volley of well directed blows and kicks disabled the animal somewhat. He called his dog back, and the faithful young animal, as if ashamed of having deserted its master in the hour of peril, and at if to make amends for its ungrateful conduct, entered into the conflict with unequalled fierceness. Mr Stockend finally succeeded in getting one foot firmly planted upon the neck of his assailant, and keeping the other in the direction of the animal's head, soon brought the contest to a close. He has no doubt but the long heavy boots which he had on were the means of saving his life.

The fight lasted, about fifteen minutes, in the course of which Mr R W Stockend was severely handled. His shoulder was badly scratched—he received a severe wound from the teeth of the animal in the thigh, and was badly scratched in several places, although by no means dangerously, or by which he will hereafter be disabled. Can any one of our cotemporaries beat the panther fight of our friend Stockend?—*Olympia Pioneer*

Marriage of Eminent Persons.

People "about to marry" should look to the following precedents:

Adam and Eve,	0	Luther,	42
Addison,	44	Mozart,	25
Aristotle,	37	Old Parr,	120
Ben Johnston,	21	Penn,	28
Burke,	26	Peel,	32
Byron,	27	Shakspeare,	18
Burns,	30	Scott,	26
Bousparte,	27	Sterne,	28
Buffon,	55	Sir W. Jones,	37
Chaucer,	32	Swift,	49
Dante,	26	Tycho,	27
Davy,	33	Walker,	22
Franklin,	34	Wordsworth,	33
Fuller,	26	Washington,	37
Hogarth,	32	Wellington,	27
Johnson,	26	Wilberforce,	38
Kepler,	26	Wesley,	47
Linnæus,	39	Young,	47

If Adam and Eve got married before they were a year old, and the veteran Parr buckled to a widow at 120, bachelors and spinsters may wed at any age they like, and find shelter under great names for early or late marriages.

Peter Carthright.—Some queer stories are told of this pioneer preacher. He had offended a certain Major L——, who was a fire-eater, by the boldness of his preaching, and the first time they met, the Major flew into a desperate rage, and said if he thought he would fight him a duel, he would challenge him.

"Major," said I very calmly, "If you challenge me, I will accept it."

"Well sir," said he "I do dare you to mortal combat."

Very well, I'll fight you: and according to the laws of honor, I suppose it is my right to choose the weapons with which we are to fight?"

"Certainly said he.,,

"Well," said I, "then we'll step over here into the lot, and get a couple of cornstalks, I think I can finish you with one."

"But oh! what a rage he got into. He clenched his fists and looked vengeance.—Said he, "If I thought I could whip you, I would shut you in a moment."

"Yes, yes major," said I, "but thank God, you can't whip me, and don't attempt to strike me, for if you do, and the devil gets out of you into me, I shall give you the worst whipping you ever got in your life," and walked off and left him.

The Washington Election Riot

This disgraceful affair, says the Boston *Traveler*, "is a bringing home to the Democracy of that law and violence which they have inaugurated at the National Capitol and elsewhere, and by the aid of which they have carried some of their worst measures. In what does the conduct of the "Plug Uglies" differ from that of Herbert and Brooks, and the rest of those genteel rowdies, who have reasoned with the bowie knife, the revolver, and the bludgeon? The only difference is that one makes in favor of the "Plug Uglies," who, if utterly, lawless, act openly, and do not add assassination to the rest of their "eccentricities." The Democrats do not like to be treated as they have treated others, and they have put down the rioters with a strong hand. They have acted properly, for there ought to be no reasoning with mobs; but what a contrast their late conduct affords to that which they adopted and pursued a year ago! Half the energy that was displayed against the mob would had it been brought to bear against lawless individuals, have vindicated the Nation's character, and have made Washington a safe place of residence. The rough dealing with the mob will conduce to the maintenance of order, and consignment of Brooks and Herbert to the penitentiary would have made bullies careful how they give way to the dictates of their passions. Shoot the "Plug Uglies if they rise against the peace, but do not spare the men who sow the seed whence crops of "Plug Uglies" rise."

Hon. Eli Thayer.—The Worcester *Spy* of June 3d, says:

"Hon. Eli Thayer returned to his home in this city, yesterday morning, after a fortnight's tour of business and observation through portions of Western Virginia and Eastern Kentucky. Mr. Thayer made no secret of the objects of his visit, and was received with the most cordial hospitality wherever he went, by slaveholdes as well others, and the most intense interest was everywhere manifested, in his emigration scheme for infusing Yankee enterprise and Yankee thrift into the dead and lifeless communities of the sunny South. Mr. Thayer addressed several public meetings during his absense, at which he unfolded his plans of the Emigrant Association, and at all of which his remarks were listened to with the closest attention, and complimentary resolutions were passed. Mr. Thayer's first visit to the South has demonstrated that "the bark of the fanatics of the South is worse than the bite." and that the people are ready and anxious for the influx of a horde of Northern emigrants, to till their fields, and show them how to appropriate the munificent natural advantages they possess."

A Great Country for the Ladies.—The time for marriage in Sparta was fixed by statute—that of the men at thirty or thirty-five years; that of the women at about twenty or a little younger. All men who continue unmarried after the appointed time were liable to prosecution; and old bachelors were prohibited from being present at the full exercise of the Spartan maidens, and were denied the usual respect and honors paid to the aged, "Why should I give you place," cried a young man to an unmarried general, "when you will have no child to give place to me when I am old?"

No maariage portions were given with any of the maidens, so that neither poverty should prevent a gallant nor riches tempt him, to marry contrary to his inclinations. The parents of three children enjoyed [illegible] exemption from [illegible] and a regulation which all married men with large families will readily admit to be most wise and equitable. It was customary for the bridesmaid to cut off all the bride's hair on the wedding-day, so that, for some at least her personal attractions should increase with her years.—*Life and Travels of Herodotus.*

A Manly Sinner.

The Earl of Oxford, of England, in reply to an invitation of the Secretary of the Norwich Bible Society to preside at its late annual meeting, wrote as follows:

Sir: I am surprised and annoyed at the contents of your letter; surprised because my well known character should have exempted me from such an application—and annoyed, because it compells me to have this communication with you. I have long been addicted to the gaming table, I have lately taken to the turf, I fear I frequently blaspheme, and I have never distributed religious tracts. All this was well known to you and your society; notwithstanding which you think me a fit person for your President. May your hypocracy be forgiven, but I would rather live in the land of sinners, than with such saints. I am, &c.,

Oxford.

We rather think the Earl of Oxford, from his own account, is succeptible of some slight improvement, but we don't think that his letter to the Secretary of the Norwich Bible Society is.

The Necessity of Exercise.

The benefits of exercise to those whose occupation does not lead them to make any physical exertion, cannot be too highly estimated. The body must undergo a certain amount of fatigue to preserve its natural strength, and maintain all the muscles and organs in proper vigor. This activity equalizes the circulation, and distributes the blood more effectually thro' every part.—Cold feet, or a chill anywhere, shows that the circulation is languid there. The valves of the heart are in this way aided in the work of sending on this stream, and relieved of an amount of labor. When exercise is neglected, the blood gathers too much about this central region, and the oppression about the heart, difficulty of breathing, lowness of spirits, anxiety and heaviness, numerous aches and stitches, are evidences of this stagnation. People are afraid to take exercise because they fancy they want breath and feel weak. But the very effort would free the heart from this burden, by urging the blood forward to the extremities; it would ease their breathing by liberating the lungs from the same superabundance; it would make the frame feel active and light, as the effect of equalized circulation and free action.

☞ Actions are the only property of a man, when he is valued as to his social worth in the world.

☞ Men, contrary to iron, are worse to be wrought upon when they are hot, and far more tractable when cold.

FAMILY QUARREL.

The *Pennsylvanian*, Philadelphia, and the *Union*, Harrisburg, are having a very pretty little family quarrel at present—The Pennsylvanian, like all other sensible papers, is in favor of the sale of the Public Works, the Union is opposed to it, and as a result of the quarrel draw the following portrait of each other. Of the Union the *Pennsylvanian* holds the following language:—

"The Harrisburgh *Patriot and Union* a short time since took us to task for our course in advocating the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works, and wound up an immense collection of words with reading us out of the party! We have not advertted to this direful calamity before, for the same reason that we have not warned our friends to prepare for the blotting out of the World by the tail of the comet; but yesterday a friend suggested that we owed it as a duty to our readers to let them know the misfortune that has befallen us, that they may prepare our obituary notices and consign us to the tomb with decency. If the Cincinnati Convention, or the Democratic State Convention had condemned us; we might have survived the blow and recuperated, but when a journal of such tremendous authority, such vast circulation—amounting, it is said, to over three hundred—a journal whose ediorial corps is so widely celebrated for its learning and ripe experience—the principal having travelled the whole world over and arrived at the green old age of twenty-one: when such an authority condemns *us*, we tremble for the future! The threatening motto of our Harrisburg luminary, "noli me tangere," stares us in the face, and we are afraid even of defending ourselves lest we touch *him* not," lest he might totally annihilate us!"

The Union editor responds rather sharply, viz—

"Whether youth may be imputed as a sin we cannot determine; but surely age may become justly contemptible, when opportunities of improvement have been neglected, when the lessons of time have been disregarded, when the warnings of experience have been misunderstood, when the passions of hot blood have subsided, and wice still exhibits in her every feature a loathsome and detested conduct. The miserable being, the wreck who—after the admonitions of an hundred faults—after having reached an age when *honesty* and virtue should be recognized as the pillars of society—after seeing that retribution ever follows swift upon the heels of public misdeeds—continues still to blunder and sin against common sense and obvious right, and who only adds obstinacy to stupidity, should certainly be the object of either abhorrence or contempt and not entitled to plead his well-rounded paunch as security from deserved insult. Still less should any one plead exemption from the just censures of the young, who, while advancing years have diminished the faculties of enjoyment and the strength of temptations, yet sells his party for a consideration and brings disgrace upon that Commonwealth which he the serince's no mother and protect at

Kansas Free State Convention.

This body met at Topeka on the 9th inst. The object of the Convention was to obtain some expression of the people in relation to pending question ands future action. Gen. J. H. Lane was unanimously chosen President, and a committee apointed for the purpose, reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, 1, That the people of Kansas now as ever, disown as invalid and of no force or effect, the authority of the territorial government as embodied in the enactments of the so called legislature of Kansas.

2. That it is made incumbent on the people of Kansas, by the highest considerations of justice and expediency, to look forward now as ever, to their admission into the Union under the Constitution which they have already formed, as the only method of adjusting existing difficulties to which they will assent.

3. That the people of Kansas will pursue with unfaltering steadiness of purpose, the application now pending before the congress of the United States, for their admission into the Union under their own constitution, and with their own Government, resting their hopes for the success thereof upon the profound confidence they feel, that a measure so eminently just, and so accordant to the principles of past legislation in our country, will eventually be conceded and sanctioned to them by the representatives of the American people.

4. That the constitution framed and adopted at Topeka, had its origin in a public necessity, was the offspring of the popular will, and experience has proved the wisdom of those who framed it, and it is the duty of the legislature and officers elected under it, to complete the State organization, and keep its machinery in readiness for so soon as we are admitted into the Union; or the necessities of the people shall require.

These were adopted without dissent, and it was further resolved that the Free State party would not participate in the election for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, and would not recognize any one as a true Free State man who sympathized with their oppressors to the extent of becoming a delegate to that body. The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

No Rights that a White Man is Bound to Respect.

The now famous and abominable sentiment, that the African race has no rights that the white man is bound to respect uttered by Judge Taney, in his opinion in the Dred Scott case, may be found on page 409 of the officially-published copy of that opinion, and occurs as follows:

"They, i. e. the African race, had for more than a century been regarded as beings of an inferior order, and altogether unfit to associate with the white race either in social or political relations; *and so far inferior that they had no rights which the white man was bound to respect*; and that the negro man might justly and lawfully be reduced to slavery for his benefit."

Judge Taney will be dishonorably remembered for this declaration longer than [illegible] remembered for any

QUEER DOINGS IN NEW YORK.

The excitement of yesterday centered in the House of Records and the Street Commissioner's Office. The bogus yellow fever panic—the Quarantine excitement—the Police embroglio—all disappeared from the public consideration; there is nothing talked of but this, Who is the Street Commissioner? Early yesterday morning Daniel D. Conover, who was appointed on Saturday by Gov. King to the office made vacant by the death of "young Jo Taylor," again appeared at the Street Commissioner's office and claimed it as his. Deputy Turner again refused to recognize him as this successor." The Mayor's police, to the number of some two hundred, were in and around the office to sustain Mr. Turner—not that Mr. Turner is the Mayor's man but that very decidedly Mr. Conover is not. Fifty-four policemen who hail from the new Board were on hand to enforce the claims of Mr. Conover. There was no physical collision until the hour for shutting up the office arrived, when Mr. Turner ordered all to leave the office. As everybody refused to go, the stronger party proceeded gradually to eject by force each of the weaker.—Captain Speight, of the new Police, was carried out in the arms of the old Police, kicking, striking, scratching, but not seriously scratched.

When they came to Mr. Conover they were very polite, but when politeness failed, they gathered him up, and with the greatest care deposited him outside. The Sheriff's officers, to complicate the matter more, during the day took possession of the office by virtue of the three old executions. At midnight, last night, the Sheriff still occupied the premises, a large force of police guarding it and all the entrances to it to prevent accidents. This morning the fight will be resumed. The infernal regions of the ancients were guarded by a three headed Cerberus—our Metropolitan Hades has, thus far, enjoyed but a double head, but to day, so far as the Street Department is concerned, a third is likely to be added. Yesterday morning the Mayor appointed Charles Devlin, Contractor to the Street Commissionership, already doubly occupied. The Democratic members of the Board of Aldermen and Supervisors were in caucus most of the day in relation to this appointment—indeed, until near 5 o'clock—so late that the other members organized and adjourned before they could bring the result of their deliberations in form before the Board of Aldermen—The Board meets again to-night, when probably the third man will be appointed, and the fight will be triangular and promising certainly.—*New York Times.*

NEW YORK, June 17.—Mayor Wood succumbed to the law this morning, and submitted to arrest on a second warrant, without resistance. Mr. Turner, deputy Street Commissioner, and Capt Bennet, of the Mayor's Police, who were concerned in the outrages committed yesterday at the City Hall, were arrested at the same time; all three were held to bail in the sum of

The City Hall is guarded on all sides by the Mayor's Police, the crowd being excluded, except those having business No further outrages are apprehended, but troops are in readiness at their armories prepared to meet any emergencies that may arise.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

The City Hall in the Park has been crowded throughout the whole day, there being expectations of another conflict between the police. At present quiet prevails There are rumors that the 71st regiment, now in Newburg on an excursion, has been telegraphed to return, and that accordingly it left in the land train at three o'clock, together with the National Guards. Mayor Wood's second arrest was effected quietly by Capt. Speer of the Metropolitan police, and he is now in the Sheriff's custady Two other warrants are to be issued against him—The City Hall is still held by the Mayor's police.

A *habeas corpus* in the Mayor's case is now being argued before Judge Russell.

The troops are still under arms at the armories.

Sending an Army to Utah.

The St. Louis *Republican* is sceptical about the success of the proposed expedition against the mormons, and is apprehensive that it will prove a calamitous failure. After cosidering the matter awhile it says:

"Look at the actual condition of affairs. We propose to send 2500 men in military array to Utah—but this number, when they come to be mustered will not exceed 1800 reliable men. It is hardly possible that less than six or eight hundred will be wanted to carry the supplies for the troops, and the civilians who will go in charge of this part of the expedition. As we have already said, this expedition will be hardly started before the end of July, and it will be well if they find themselves at the "Reserve" by the first of November. Winter will be upon them at that early period, and no one can say what will become of them in that inhospitable region. The cold is enough to kill them, even if the Mormons should do no more than avoid them and leave them to their fate. But a new enemy is on their route, as our last night's news tells us, and it may turn out as much as the troops can do to hold the Cheyennes in check, and to protect the emigrants in their persons and property. The troops must at once be employed in this new field of service; and we trust the Government will give up all thought of the Utah expedition and go to work to punish the savages for their depredations upon the property, and the sacrifice of the lives, of the emigrants to California. We do not know that it will be necessary at any future time, to turn the army of the United States against the Mormon people, but so sure as we do we shall find that we will have to whip the Indians as well as the Mormons, and then it will be no childs play for a long time to come."

As a more judicious way of treating the case, the *Republican* suggests that a good Governor, able judges and skilful officers generally, be sent to Utah, backed singly by one regiment—that they start forthwith, before the season be too far advanced—and that the organic law of the Territory be [illegible] thereby placing Utah under the

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Resolutions of the Convention are as follows:

Resolved, That the judicial character of Pennsylvania has derived additional lustre from the eminent abilities and learning of Judge Lewis and Black, whose successors we have this day nominated: That the one who retires to private life carries with him the respect and esteem, both of the profession with which his duties associated him, and the people whom he served—and while we regret to lose the other from the Bench, we express our gratification that his eminent abilities have been brought into requisition in the National Cabinet.

Resolved, That we fully approve of the policy of the National Administration, as thus far exhibited, and have undiminished confidence in its distinguished head, and with those associated with him in the discharge of public affairs.

Resolved, That the prompt and decisive action of the President of the United States in defence of the elective franchise in the City of Washington, at the recent charter election in that City, merits and receives the sanction of all order-loving, and law-abiding citizens.

Resolved, That the eminent public services, the high moral worth, and the sound legal learning of William Strong and James Thompson, the nominees of this Convention for Judges of the Supreme Court, the best evidences are furnished of their fitness to disbarge the responsible duties to which they are about to be called by the People.

Resolved, That the principle contained in the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Dred Scott vs. John F. A. Sanford, in regard to the political rights of the negro race, meets the hearty acquiescence of the judgment of the Democratic citizens of Pennsylvania, and is as much commended to the whole people of the United States by the force of truth and patriotism, as it is equally binding on all by the highest sanction of law.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention, the last Legislature, whose general course was so repugnant to the feelings, policy, and principles of the Democratic party, that it cannot be held responsible for any of the acts, demonstrated in the especial manner, its total want of respect for the rights of the People to demand from its Government, a safe and sound currency, by the enormous, indiscriminate and unnecessary increase of the banking capital of the State.

Resolved, That the passage of the Act by the late Legislature, entitled "An Act to provide for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works," was a wanton disregard of the best interests of this Commonwealth and of the principles of sound legislation. That whilst in name it purported to be a sale of Works which cost the State nearly twenty millions of dollars, it is intended to be in reality a gift of those Works to a corporation. That in permitting the abandonment of a large portion of said Works, there is a great sacrifice of the interests of the Western part of the State. That the Bill contains none of those safeguards for the future management of the Line proposed to be consolidated, which are required for the protection of the trade and commerce of the State, and that in the entire exemption and release of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company from all taxation upon its capital stock, business and property forever, is establishing a dangerous precedent of doubtful constitutionality and an odious distinction between a powerful corporation and the tax-paying citizens of the State.

Mr. Yeager moved that the Resolutions, as read, be adopted, and they were adopted without debate, and without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Scott, of Huntingdon, then offered the following:

Resolved, That the action of this Convention, condemning the bill passed by the last Legislature for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works, because of objectionable features in some of its details, is not intended as a declaration of hostility to the policy of a sale upon any terms.

The last resolution was 'on motion' *indefinitely postponed*. The others were adopted without a dissenting voice.

The Famine in Michigan.

The accounts of suffering among the inhabitants of some of the border counties of Michigan, are fully confirmed by the reports of agents sent among them to distribute provisions. The following is from a letter in the Detroit *Free Press*:

PONTIAC, June 3d.

I went eleven miles North and West from Bay City before I came to a house, and there found a large settlement. It is impossible for a team to get to it, except in the winter, when the roads are frozen, and the settlers have to carry all they eat on their backs, from Saginaw, which is from eleven to fifteen miles distant. About two or three miles of the distance the water is from eight inches to two feet deep.—I saw men with fifty pounds of flour on their backs, walking in water up to their knees, anxious to reach their wives and children, who were at home without anything to eat, except what they begged or borrowed of more fortunate neighbors

I found ten families entirely destitute, who had lived three days by begging from their neighbors. I found five without any kind of breadstuffs, who had a few pounds of pork. I found only ten sick including children. The supervisors estimated, to the best of their knowledge, that, when I got there, there was not in the families mentioned enough provisions to last three days, if they all had been allowed to eat what they wanted.

Some had plenty to last till after harvest but had divided until they were out. You cannot imagine the scene which occurred when I told them the errand upon which I had come; some cried; some laughed; some hallooed, and some were perfectly overcome by feelings too powerful for utterance. All joined in saying, "How shall we ever repay our Detroit friends and benefactors?"

I deal out flour and pork to men who said they had nothing to eat that day, and did not know where they should get the

BEAVER ARGUS.

M. WEYAND.....J. WEYAND.

M & J. Weyand, Editors & Proprietors

BEAVER, PA.,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1857.

FOR GOVERNOR,

DAVID WILMOT,

Of Bradford County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGES.

James Veech,

Of Fayette County,

Joseph J. Lewis,

Of Chester County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WM. MILLWARD,

Of Philadelphia.

To the Patrons of the Argus.

The business arrangements of the publishers of this paper will oblige them to call upon those with whom they have accounts, for a SPEEDY SETTLEMENT; and in order that *all such* may be seen, one of the publishers will accompany H. B. Anderson, Esq., the County Treasurer, while filling his appointments in the different townships, so that a settlement may be effected without loss of time to any party but ourselves. While other papers, almost everywhere, are obliging their patrons to pay in *advance*, *ours* will certainly not take it hard when we but ask them to pay up *arrears*, or at least to give us their due bills for, whatever the amount may be.

☞Our friends J. R. Stokes and H. Clarke, Esq., will accept our thanks for documents from the territories of Nebraska and Minnesota.

The Primary Meetings.

Saturday evening next, it will be borne in mind, is the time designated for holding the Primary Meetings. As the time is favorable for all classes, every effort should be made by our political friends to secure as general an attendance as possible, and elicit a full and fair expression of the preferences of the people, from among the different candidates named, in order that complaints, sometimes made, that meetings have been held, and matters arranged by only a few interested persons, may at this time, and to this extent, be avoided.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

On Monday next the Union County Convention meets at the Court House, to place in nomination a ticket to be supported by the friends of Freedom, and the opponents of the present National Administration. The canvass has been carried on by the candidates in a spirited, and we trust, in an honorable manner. There must of necessity, be some disappointments; but we hope all the candidates, and their friends, are prepared to bow to the will of the People, and abide the result, whatever it may be. Our opponents have been watching the progress of the canvass between the different candidates with great anxiety. They calculate largely upon divisions, feuds, and dissatisfaction; and expect, [illegible] them to their own account. Let them be *disagreeably* disappointed. We invoke, on the part of the Convention and the candidates, and their friends, a spirit of harmony, moderation, conciliation, and a disposition to avoid every thing having a tendency to create dissatisfaction, or in an any wise jeopardize the success of the ticket that may be nominated. Prudent counsels and proper discretion will secure us the county by a sweeping majority. A contrary policy will invite and may insure defeat.

FINE STRAWBERRIES.—Our attentive friend, THOS. THORNLEY, Esq., of Fallston, has placed us under many obligations, by the presentation of a box of as fine, large, plump and luscious Strawberries, as ever tempted the palate or gladdened the sight of an editor. We speak truly when we wish that his shadow and his strawberries may never be less. Mr T. informs us that he expects to be able, during the next ten or twelve days, to supply all the demands made upon him in this line For preserving this delicious fruit, we append the following recipe, which has been furnished us:

A pound of sugar to a pound of berries; after pounding the sugar very fine, put it on the berries, and let them stand 3 or 4 hours, till the sugar is dissolved, then on the fire and let them boil 4 minutes; take out the berries and let the syrup boil 10 minutes; put in the berries again just before taking the syrup off.

☞The Hon. JOHN ALLISON, who has been travelling through the North-West for several months past, returned to his home last week, in fine health and spirits. He starts again in a few days with the intention of going into business, for the present, at Keokuk, Iowa.

☞The ANNUAL EXAMINATION of the Pupils of Beaver Academy, commenced yesterday, in the Court House. The examination exercises conclude this afternoon. The Exhibitions are to be held this evening and to-morrow evening, at the same place.

HEAVY VERDICT.—Henry Mansfield, a native of Florida, last week obtained, in the Court of Common Pleas of Mahoning county, Ohio, a verdict of $5,666, against the Ohio and Pa. R. R. Co., for injuries sustained by the collision that occurred near Darlington, in this county, in December 1855.

☞It is said that the portion of the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad between Erie and Jamestown, Mercer county, will be completed and in running order by the 1st of December next.

☞The River continues in fine navigable order, but unfortunately for the boats, many of them are compelled to lay by, in consequence of the extreme scarcity of freight.

☞Four notorious characters confined in the Washington (Pa.) Jail, made their escape last week, by knocking down the jailor. The alarm being given, they were all captured within an hour.

☞A watchman on the P. & Ft. W. R. R. was killed last week near Perrysville, Richland co., Ohio. He is supposed to have been intoxicated and fell asleep on the track. He was a native of Ireland, and leaves a small family.

☞At the Horse Exhibition in Youngstown, Ohio, on Thursday last, a premium of $50 was awarded to the horse "Whalebone," owned by W. R. Sterling, Esq., of New Brighton, as the fastest trotter.

THE INJUNCTION CASE.

The argument before the Supreme Court, to restrain the sale of the Public Works, advertised to take place to-morrow, was concluded on Friday last. Messrs. Hirst and Meredith appear as counsel for the Canal Commissioners, and against a sale; and the Attorney General of the State and Mr. Stanton, of Pittsburgh, for the Governor, and in favor of the sale. Previous to the close of the argument, the Commissioners of Allegheny county withdrew from all participation as parties in the prosecution of the injunction. *Mr.* Mott, one of the Canal Commissioners, and in whose name the injunction was sued, was handled without gloves by the opposing counsel, and placed in a position not at all desirable. He is shown to be the owner of but *three* shares, or the "one hundredth and eighty-third thousandth" part of the stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He declares that the purchase of the Public Works, by this company, would jeopardise and depreciate *his* stock. In one bill he states that the sale would be for the exclusive benefit of the Railroad; and in his oath to another bill he avers that the company would suffer pecuniary loss. Mr. Mott, as the President of the Board of Canal Commissioners, reported last winter, to the Legislature, that the *profits* on the Canals belonging to the Commonwealth, for 1856, amounted to nearly *Fifty-Two Hundred Thousand Dollars*; yet, in his oath before the Supreme Court, he makes the remarkable admission that these Canals, (283 miles in length,) "have not for many years yielded income sufficient to pay the cost of keeping them in order." It would be difficult to find an instance wherein a public officer has floundered so completely, and contradicted himself so flatly and pointedly, as Mr. Commissioner Mott has done. It must be a bad cause, and a desperate emergency, that requires such shuffling and such prevarication.

The Growing Crops.

The wet season thus far has brought on vegetation with remarkable speed, and should nothing occur to mar the bright prospect, we shall have such crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Grass, &c. as will gladden the hearts of all—both producers and consumers. The weather has been too wet to allow farmers to cultivate their corn in a desirable manner, but while it may suffer to a certain extent, the want of ploughing and hoeing, the farmer will be more than recompensed for his loss in this particular, by his heavy waving crops of other kinds. The Grass, we have no recollection of ever seeing it better at this season of the year, while the Potato crop is also said to be doing excellent.

THE RAILROAD BOND EXCITEMENT.—The citizens of a number of counties, and particularly Lawrence and Allegheny, are laboring at this time, under a high state of excitement, growing out of the inability of certain Railroad companies, to pay the interest becoming due on bonds given by these counties in exchange for stock in various Roads. The latter county is largely interested in this species of indebtedness. She has heavy subscriptions in five or five Railroads, all of which, with only an exception or two, have failed to meet the interest as it fell due. The county of course is bound to see that it is promptly paid. To do this, a heavy increase of taxation will be rendered necessary. A disposition [illegible] manifested itself to some extent; but it is hardly probable that so dangerous an experiment will be attempted.

It is gratifying in this connection to congratulate our citizens that they are subjected to no troubles proceeding from such source. Our county wisely abstained from making indiscriminate subscriptions. In the way of stock she is interested in but one road—the Cleveland and Pittsburgh—and that one guaranteed the payment of the interest on the bonds for *thirty years*; and so far as we have been able to ascertain the company have heretofore been prompt in wiping out the interest, and we have no fears but it will continue to do so until the expiration of the stipulated time, when the county, out of the dividends she will receive, will doubtless be fully prepared to lift the bonds, and be a large gainer besides.

THAT PLANK.—In another column will be found the resolutions passed by the recent Democratic State Convention. The organs of the party tell us that they were adopted without a dissenting voice. We invite particular attention to the one endorsing the action of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, and affirming that the opinion delivered by Chief Justice Taney, that "the negro possesses no rights which a white man is bound to respect," meets with the "*hearty acquiescence* of the Democracy of Pennsylvania." Latter-day Democracy is a singular compound: Last fall, when bidding for free-soil support, and exerting every nerve to make it appear that the Buchanan party was the true party of Freedom, this atrocious sentiment would have been repulsed and repudiated with indignant scorn. But the trick succeeded, and now the true colors may be exhibited, at least until another occasion for the exercise of fraud and deception may present itself.

BUTLER COUNTY.—Our political friends of Butler county have placed in nomination the following ticket: Assembly, A. W. Crawford. W. W. Dodds; Sheriff, Abraham M'Candless; Prothonotary, Nathan Brown, Register, Adam Ekis; Clerk of Courts, Emil Maurhoff. Commissioner, Isaac Robb; Treasurer, Samuel Marks. Auditors, Nelson M'Callister, Obadiah Crotty; Coroner, Neal Duffy.

☞We are glad to state that the Post-master General has re-established the Post Office at Fallston. Mr. R. D. Cooper has been appointed Post-Master.

☞President Buchanan has remitted the fine of $1000, imposed upon a Capt. Smith, recently convicted in New York, of being concerned in the African Slave Trade.

☞The Legislature of New Hampshire has chosen Hon. Daniel Clarke, Republican, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Bell, in the Senate of the U. S.

☞Mr. Bryson, one of the proprietors of the St. Charles Hotel, died at Pittsburgh on Friday last.

☞The Erie Conference of the M. E. Church, holds its session for this year in Ravenna, Ohio.

☞A Union County Convention, for the nomination of a ticket to be supported at the October election, is to be held in Pittsburgh today.

NOTICE

To the Voters of Beaver County.

The citizens of Beaver county, who are opposed to the present National Administration, and its immediate predecessor, will meet on

SATURDAY, JUNE 27th, 1857,

at 7 o'clock P. M., in the boroughs, and 4 o'clock P. M. in the country districts, to nominate two Delegates from each election District, to meet on the MONDAY following (the 29th of June) at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the COURT HOUSE, in Beaver, to nominate candidates for the respective offices, to be supported at the October election; and to transact such other business as they may consider will promote the cause of the anti-administration party.

S. CUNNINGHAM,
Chairman Union Ex. Committee.

May 13, 1857.

Announcements.

☞We are requested to announce the names of the following persons for the different offices, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention, to be held on the 29th of June.

Assembly.

DE LORMA IMBRIE, Borough.

Sheriff.

MILTON M. MARQUIS, Darlington tp.
WILLIAM R. TRIMBLE, Hookstown,
DAVID JOHNSTON, Fallston.
WILLIAM W. IRWIN, Rochester tp
JOHN ROBERTS, Jr. Hanover
JOHN C. COOK, Darlington.
WILLIAM B. M'GAFFICK, Borough.
THOS. SWEARINGEN, Hanover.

Register & Recorder.

SAMUEL B. WILSON, Borough
J. P. M'KENZIE, Hopewell.

Treasurer

WILLIAM HENRY, of Borough.
JOHN COURTNEY, Darlington

Clerk of Courts.

ALFRED G. McCREARY, N. Brighton.
FRANCIS RENO, Rochester.
P. B. YOUNG, Borough.

Commissioner.

ABNER MORTON, Franklin
JAMES WARNOCK, North Sewickly.
CHRISTIAN BLACK, New Sewickly.
JOS. H. CUNNINGHAM, Nor. Sewickly
JAS. K. THOMPSON, North Sewickly.

Auditor.

WILLIAM C HUNTER, Brighton tp.

Coroner.

NATHAN P. COUCH, New Brighton.
MILTON A. BANNON, Moon

Poor House Director.

JOHN HESSON, New Sewickly.
NATHANIEL LINDSEY, [illegible]
HIRAM REED, New Brighton

Trustees of Academy.

MATTHEW T. KENEDY, N. Brighton.
SAMUEL MOREHEAD, Sharon.
SMITH CUNNINGHAM, Beaver.
ABNER P. LACOCK, Rochester Tp.

DECLINATIONS.

WITH grateful acknowledgments to my friends for their intended support, a word of explanation seems necessary. When my name was announced as a candidate, a difference of opinion existed as to *what was* a *customary term* a lowa to our representatives. Subsequent inquiry has satisfied me, that any deviations from the *old established rule*, have been *more* the result of a *combination of circumstances* existing at the time, than of any *design*, permanently to change the rule. Having no desire to place myself and friends in an attitude of hostility, to what now appears to be *pretty generally conceded* as an established usage, I have determined to withdraw from the present canvass.

THOS. M. TAYLOR.

Rochester, June 22, 1857.

ALFRED R. MOORE desires us to say that he is not at this time a candidate for Register and Recorder.

Messrs. D. S. MARQUIS and M. T. CRISTLER request us to withdraw their names as candidates for the offices for which they have been named.

TO CANDIDATES.—Candidates must bear in mind that no announcement will appear unless accompanied by *One Dollar*

☞The seceding Southern members of the New School Presbyterian Church have issued an address to the conservative portion of that body inviting them to unite in the formation of a New Orleans Assembly, to be held in Washington, on the 27th of August next. In the new organization, the subject of Slavery is to be excluded utterly, except in judicial cases. The address records a solemn protest against the growing spirit of Abolitionism in the Northern Churches, regrets that such heresies should find place, and takes a long farewell of the present organization of the New School branch. The name of Dr. Ross again heads the list of signatures.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY.

Mr. B. D. Woods, late Justice of the Peace, East Birmingham, Pa., says:

"I have been afflicted with a disease of the stomach, palpitation of the heart and nervous headache, for nearly fifteen years, and have spent some hundreds of dollars in order to effect a cure but to no purpose—After having used three bottles of your Holland Bitters, I feel myself entirely restored. I can eat and sleep well, and attend to my business with pleasure, and would therefore recommend it to all those who are similarly afflicted."

☞For a fashionable and well made garment for either Men or Boys, buyers will not be disappointed in going to Carnaghans, near the Post Office. His stock of clothing and furnishing goods will be found of a superior order and prices very reasonable.

Telegraphic.

Important from Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 17.—Ex-Governor Philip Frank Thomas, to-day, formally declined the Governorship of Utah, the office according to the statements of his friends, not being sufficiently remunerative.

It is untrue that Major Hopkins, of Florida, was offered the appointment. The probability is that Col. Cumming will be appointed, and no other person is mentioned in that connection.

The pressure relative to the California overland mail may be positively asserted as no foreshadowing of the route to be selected. Nothing definite has been done on the subject, as it requires a thorough investigation in view of its great national importance, and which, it is believed, has already been the subject of the Cabinet's deliberations.

General Walker has written a long letter to the President, which was to-day placed in his hands. Walker's statements will doubtless cause a full investigation of Captain Davis's conduct by our Government.

Cornelius Wendell, public printer, was seriously bruised this afternoon, while standing by his carriage. His horse taking fright, he was thrown down, and the wheels passed over his body.

A letter has been received from Ex-Secretary Dobbin, to the effect that he does not recollect having used the name of General Walker in his official despatches to Capt. Davis, nor instructed him in reference to the war in Nicaragua. The object of sending vessels to San Juan Del Sur, was for the protection of Americans in that quarter.

Terrible Storm in Washington City.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 22.—A terrific thunder storm passed over this city about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, accompanied, for about fifteen minutes, with hail. The hail stones were of an enormous size, some of them weighing from five to six ounces, and causing immense destruction to the sky-lights and window lights of churches and public buildings, and also the government conservatories, and several private galleries of art were seriously damaged. The trees were half stripped of their foliage, and the grain and vegetables beaten to the earth, and in many cases the horses and cattle in the fields were severely cut.

The storm extended at least 12 miles in breadth; its course was from S. W. to N. E. No reports have been received from the plantations lying in its course, but it is supposed to have and probably proved injuried if not entirely ruined.

From Kansas.

ST. LOUIS June 22.—The Democrat learns that the counties of Douglas, Atchison, Leavenworth, Jefferson, Shawnee and Douglas, in Kansas, have elected Democratic delegates to the Constitutional Convention. A letter to the Democrat says the vote in Leavenworth was 2200. The vote in the whole county will exceed 4000. Jefferson county gives Free Soilers, so far as heard from.

Philadelphia June 22.—The storm of last night here at 11 o'clock. It was most severe, with heavy thunder and high wind. Material damage was done.

Thunder Storm in New York.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A terrific thunder storm occurred at midnight. Rain fell in torrents and the lightning incessent for two hours. The storm probably caused much damage.

When a Man may Kill his Assailant.

A case was decided on Wednesday by the Court of Appeals at Frankfort, Ky., which settles the question as to when a man who is attacked in the street of Louisville is justified in killing his assailant. The case was from Grayson. Theodore Meredith had been convicted of murder for the killing of one Ireland. Ireland attacked him, and the lower court charged the jury, if Ireland assaulted Meredith in such a manner as to make him believe he was in danger of sustaining great bodily harm, or the loss of life from the assault, and if necessary to protect himself or person from great bodily harm, he might kill Ireland [illegible] of escaping. But if the defendant *have safely retreated* from danger, that means have been exhausted, and he is not excusable for killing Ireland."

The higher court, however, reversed this charge was wrong. That there was nothing to do with the question whether the defendant could have safely retreated, "that being a question to be decided by the defendant himself." In the opinion of this judgment he must [illegible] Whether an assault is [illegible] isted or not, was a question to be decided by Meredith at the time. If he could have safely retreated, and had reasonable grounds to believe that his only safety was in [illegible] assailant, the law excuses him.

TERRIBLE TORNADO.—It appears that Christian county, Ky., was visited, last Saturday afternoon, by a tornado of great violence. The Chicago *Journal* says:

"Our informant was at the time in Penn, in that county, during the storm and describes its effects thus:

It was accompanied by heavy rain. Buildings were swept from their foundations and some of them carried through the air, others unroofed, and some [illegible] stones. A number of new [illegible] just been completed were [illegible] fragments; the Presbyterian church, a large frame building, was moved [illegible] feet from its foundation and [illegible] tral Freight Depot was unroofed, [illegible] of freight. Cars were blown from the track and were thrown down, and four children were killed and struck with falling timbers [illegible] the air and thrown upon the ground, and all other persons were more or less injured, some of whom may die from their injuries."

☞It is said that, [illegible] 1850, the number of [illegible] dulged in a tour to Europe [illegible] ed 7,500 in any one year. [illegible] number of those who [illegible] for an airing, annually, [illegible] 000.

A RARE BIRD.—Dr. Thurston, of Van Buren, Ark., recently shot a bird which puzzles the oldest settlers, hunters and naturalists, in that latitude, some of whom think it a bittern, and others a stork. The Intelligencer describes it thus:

"Height, when standing, five feet three inches; breadth of wing, six feet eight inches; length of back, nine inches. Upon the whole, it was a master specimen of the bird kind, possessing the strangest and most fantastic coat of plumage that we have ever looked upon, as the exterior of an American fowl; its plumage on the scapular region being as black as a raven, and resembling the ostrich feathers, whilst its head, back, neck and sides, were gaudily bedecked with long, delicate ribbon-like feathers of every hue and color that belong to the rainbow, hung in clusters and wreaths about his graceful birdship, beautiful beyond all conception, unless compared with the famous bird of Paradise. It proved to be not only an eatable bird, but one of the most delicious fowls we have ever eaten of."

THE BONDED WAREHOUSES of this city are full and over-full of goods, products, &c, awaiting the new Tariff, July 1st—which makes some of those articles "free," and on others reduces the duties. Sugar, we are told, is in large quantities on the quays, thus exposed—because it cannot be put in the Bonded Warehouses, which are full. A large quantity of linseed, (free July 1st,) from Calcutta is on board ship, and cannot be landed—because there is nowhere to put it. The Collector has been applied to to relieve the merchants who are in this strait, but he contends he has no power under the law. Fresh Bonded Warehouses cannot be employed for free goods—when other articles are already in them. The Secretary of the Treasury has also been appealed to—but we have not heard his reply. There seems to be a surfeit of good things coming in on the 1st of July, the day when the old Tariff dies and the new Tariff is born.—*New York Express.*

A FIRE IN THE REAR.—Mr. Keitt of South Carolina, made a speech at a public dinner in Cheraw, S. C, recently, in which he *expressed his want of confidence in* Walker and Stanton, both of whom he denounced as *unprincipled, trading politicians*, who were ready to sell the slave-holder's interest in Kansas for a price. He said the one was a Pennsylvanian bankrupt, and the other an unprincipled political gambler—Both had sought and obtained position and power in Kansas, and were willing to wield it at the bidding of the party which would pay best. The principal ground of complaint against Walker seemed to be his proposition to have the Constitution of the Kansas Convention submitted to the people before it was presented to Congress.

☞ It is reported that David C Broderick, U. S. Senator, from California, is so dissatisfied with the course of President Buchanan, that he is about to take the lead of the Republican party in the Golden State. He is now lying ill at Sacramento, and refuses all medical attendance.

☞ A careful estimate, based on the latest returns of the local assessors, makes the population of California 507,067, of whom 332,280 are American, 65,099 Indians, 38,687 Chinese, 15,000 French, 15,000 Mexicans, 10,000 Germans, 10,000 Irish, 2000 English, and 15,000 other foreigners, besides 4000 colored persons.

☞ SANTA ANNA is again becoming ambitious of ruling Mexico. The Herald publishes a translation of an address issued by him of the Mexican people, denouncing the present government of Comonfort, the new constitution, the laws affecting the property and privilege of the clergy, &c, and announcing that there must be another sanguinary revolution, even though half of the territory of the republic should have to be sold to supply the sinews of war.

July Appointments

DR. H. TUBBS,

Will be at his room, Bridgewater, Lehmer's Hotel, Monday, July 20th, 1857.

For consultation upon all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Spleen; also Dropsy, Gravel, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Debility, Dyspepsia, Female diseases, Ague and Fever, Fits, Impurities of the blood, Eruptions, Cancers, Ulcers, and all other varieties of long standing complaints, both external and internal.

For some ten years Dr. T. has devoted his entire time to chronic diseases, treating thousands annually, many of whom had exhausted every other resource within reach. In no case are mineral or other poisons employed, nor does he make sick to make well, or tear down to build up again. The medicines can be taken with safety by the most delicate, and patients may remain at home, and continue with prudence their ordinary diet and exercises. Many have recovered under the treatment after friends and physicians had given up all hope, the indisputable evidence of which can always be furnished. Invalids, however reduced or despairing, are invito call, and may be assured that no encouragement will be given or expense incurred, without a corresponding prospect of recovery.

The Dyspeptic and Despairing should read the following:

Several years have elapsed, and Mr J. continues to endure severe and constant labor.

BATH, Summit Co., O., Aug. 14, 1854.

DR. TUBBS—Dear Sir:—Seven years ago, I was taken with what doctors called dyspepsia. I consulted several who all told me I could never be cured, or able to work at my trade again which is blacksmithing. Sometimes a little better, then worse, scarcely able to do anything. I lingered alone until three years ago, when I was taken worse of my old complaint, followed by that besetting evil of dyspepties, hypochondria. From this time up to seeing you, I could eat but very sparingly of light food, which always distressed me, and was often ejected from my stomach. My sufferings of mind were beyond what tongue can tell, or any one imagine who has not experienced similar tortures. I tried all the physicians in reach, with but little benefit, and while in the hopeless sufferings, which, could they be told; would fill a volume, I happened to see your advertisement. Having had the advice of all kinds of physicians, I concluded to get your opinion, though with little faith that anything would help me. After advising with you I concluded to take some medicine as the last and only resort. This was nearly a year since. I am now almost as well as ever. Latter part of winter I worked in my shop, having labored all summer, and now in harvest cradle and mow, doing a full day's work. Never feel any of my old symptoms except on very tired or overcome, and have reason believe you will make me as sound a man as ever was in the world. I am very glad I ever saw you, and sincerely believe your treatment best known, particularly for chronic diseases. You can make what use of this you think

Yours,

DEXTER B. JOHNSON.

MARRIED.

On Thursday the 11th inst., by Rev. W. A. Passavant, Mr. JOHN CONWAY, of New Castle, and Miss THALIA BENTEL, of Freedom, Beaver county.

THE UNDERSIGNED

Would beg leave to inform the citizens of New Brighton and vicinity, that he has removed his Electro Chemical Bath establishment to the building oposite the dwelling of B. R. Bradford, Esq., where he will be happy to see his former patrons and the public generally, and where he will continue to apply *all Electrical Remedies* for the relief and removal of suffering of various kinds. J. C. KNAPP.

New Brighton, Pa., June 24 1857.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the title of Lowry & Wilson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will hereafter be continued by James Wilson, at the mouth of the Connequenessing Creek. WM. LOWRY.

June 24th, 1857. JAS. WILSON.

☞ *Holloway's Ointment and Pills.*—Every head of a family should keep a supply of these great specifics at hand. No household can safely dispense with them. External injuries, which would result in the loss of a limb, or the crippling of a joint, if treated in the ordinary modes, may be cured with dispatch, and without pain or hazard, by the use of the Ointment. Erysipelas, salt rheum, boils, sores, and all external ailments, are removed with equal facility and certainty, by the application of this great curative: and the manifold diseases of the stomach, liver, and intestines, so often fatal in this country, yield invariably to the sanative operation of the Pills.

☞ A good-looking friend of ours, who is on this ide of forty, though somewhat hoary-headed, while absent from the city a few days used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and on his return called to see his lady-love, but was amused to find she did tot recognize him; and immediately determined to pass for a cousin of himself, but was eventually chagrined to find he was supplanting his former self in the affections of the lady, which caused him to make himself known; but the lady still says that she likes the counterfeit better than the original, and insists that he continue (if necessary) to use the Hair Restorative. —[St. Louis Morning Herald:

☞ Sold by Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver, and Druggists generally.

☞ It has become an established fact that Dr Sanford's Invigorator will cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice and General Debility Many people, personally known to us, whose word cannot be doubted, have given their certificates to prove this, and with such a mass of evidence who can doubt.

It is truly the invalid's friend, and will give relief when all other remedies fail, and in some instances that have come under our observation it seemed the means of snatching its victim from the grave, we wish all our readers who need medicine would try one bottle, for it will surely give relief.

☞ Sold by Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver, and Druggists generally.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry, on the premises, on Wednesday, 15th day of July next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, the property of Robert Stevens, late of said county, deceased, lying and being situate in Big Beaver Township, in said county, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone at the S. E. corner thereof, and running thence South 88 deg. East 33 5-10 perches by lands of Wm. Alcorn to a post at the Shenango road, thence by said road north 16½ deg. east 16 perches to a post, thence by same north 8 degs east 37 8 10 perches to a post, thence north 12 deg. west 13 2-10 perches to the north-east corner thereof, thence by land of Stephen Newkirk north 88 deg. west 46 6-10 perches to a post; thence by land of Wm. H Powers and Wm. Alcorn, south 2 deg. west 87 6-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 22 acres 2 roods and 29 perches, on which is erected one frame dwelling-house and log stable;—there is some fruit trees, ore and a v in of coal under said land.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the court, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the same time.—For information apply to Samuel G. Caughey, Executor of said deceased. By order of Court,

June 17, '57. Wm K. BODEN, Cl'k.

Trustee's Sale

Of the Real Estate of W. Vankirk, dec'd.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry, on the premises, (in each case,) on the 16th and 17th days of July, 1857, at 2 o'clock of each day, the following described tracts or pieces of land, the real estate of Wm. Vankirk, late of Moon tp., in said county, dec'd.; to wit: On the first day (Thursday 16th) No 1, lying and being situated in Moon tp., in said county, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post S. W. corner, and running thence north 89½ deg. east, 268 perches to bank on the Ohio River, thence by same, north 24 deg west, 118 perches to a post, thence by Graham, south 67 deg. west 218 perches to post on Stoops' line, thence by Stoops' south 1½ deg. east 95 perches to post the place of beginning. Containing 152 acres and 155 perches strict measure. About 125 acres cleared and under fence, on which there are 2 dwelling houses and barn and a good orchard.

On the second day, (Friday 17th,) No. 2, lying and being situate in Pulaski tp., in said county, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the S. W. corner and running north 88 deg. east 161 perches to a post and small hickory on line between Kelly and said piece of land, thence north 2 deg west 34 perches to a post, thence 88 deg. west 161 perches to a post, thence south 2 deg. east 34 perches to the place of beginning, containing 34 acres and 34 perches. About 25 acres of which are cleared and under fence.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the same time.

J. G. BLISS,

June 17, 1857. Trustee.

Chance for an Investment.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold, on the 23d of June at Public Auction, unless previously disposed of at private sale, that valuable property in Rochester, Beaver county, known as the property of Israel Gray. It consists of a large lot extending 194 feet on Brighton, and 60 feet on Bridge street, upon which is erected a large dwelling house, good storeroom, warehouse, &c, &c. There are on the premises a choice lot of fruit trees, and an unfailing spring of water. Also a large lot, or block of lots, upon which is erected a store-house. Also, an enclosed lot, containing about ¾ of an acre. The above are valuable pieces of property, desirably situated, and offering a rare chance to purchasers for profitable investment.

☞ For further particulars apply to P. REES, on the premises, or to

H. N. FRAZIER, Ag't.

Rochester, May 9, 1857.

KID and French Morocco Buskins, a very fine article, at the Shoe store of

BARNES & NICHOLSON,

de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

DISSOLUTION.

WE the undersigned, partners in Russell's Patent Roofing business, have this day dissolved partnership, by mutual consent.

R. W. RUSSELL,
NAZRO PARK,

The Roofing business will now be carried on by Nazro Park, of Bridgewater, who will pay strict attention to all calls for roofing. New roofs put on; old leaky tin and sheet iron roofs made tight at short notice and cheap. Address

NAZRO PARK,

je 17, '57. Bridgewater, Beaver Co., Pa.

☞ Mr. R. W. Russell of Vanport, and Mr Joseph M'Clure of New Brighton, will contract for Jobs, and give all information respecting it.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of LUCIAN FOMBELL, late of New Brighton bor., Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber in said borough.

JAMES DE FOMBELL, Adm'r.

June 16, 1857*

FLOUR

EXTRA, for sale by

June 17— A. S. HARVEY,

No. 3, Stewart's Row Bridgewater.

W. R. STERLING,

Banker, Dealer in Exchange Bank Notes and Coin: New Brighton, Pa.

COLLECTIONS of Bills, Notes and Drafts promptly attended to. Par and current funds received on deposit. June 10,'54

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

THE COMBINED

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES

MANUFACTURED BY

WARDROP, STOUT & WILLIAMS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARE now ready for delivery. Early orders will have the preference, as the number will be limited this season. They are warranted in every respect, and may be seen and orders left at the Seed and Agricultural House, No. 47, Fifth street.

June 10,'57. JAS. WARDROP.

HARVEST TOOLS—

100 Revolving Hay Rakes;
125 dozen Hand Rakes;
50 do North Wayne Grass Scythes,
40 do do do Grain do at the Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, No. 47, 5th st.

June 10,'57 J. WARDROP.

CORN CULTIVATORS—40 Expanding Cultivators, adapted to potato and corn crops, for sale by J. WARDROP,

je10. 45th street

CHURNS, CHURNS—A constant supply of Spain's Celebrated Barrel Churns, of various sizes, will be kept on hand. These Churns have been fully tested, and are warranted the best in use For sale by J. WARDROP,

je10 47, Fifth st.

NOTICE

TO TAX PAYERS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1857, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown borough and Greene tp.	June 8	"	C Calhoun's store
Brighton tp	"	9	"	D Morgan's
Pulaski	"	10	"	Wm Wallace's
New Sewickly	"	11	"	A Hunters store
Economy	"	12	"	Breitenstein's
do	"	13	"	Widow Bryan's
Franklin	"	16	"	A Morton's
Marion	"	17	"	G Hartzell's
North Sewickly	"	18	"	J J Hazen's
Big Beaver	"	22	"	Widow Miller's
Chippewa	"	23	"	R Douthitt's,
Darlington borough	"	24	"	Boyd's hotel
do tp	"	25	"	Rev. Dilworth's
South Beaver	"	26	"	"
do and Ohio	"	29	"	S Brigg's
Ohio township	"	30	"	M Daringer's
Hookstown bor. & July	1			J Patterson's hotel
Greene tp	"	"		do
do	"	2		T Parkinson's
Raccoon township	"	3		R Patton's
Hanover	"	7		Steven's hotel
Frankfort	"	8		F Swearingen's
do	"	9		Wm Elliott's
Moon	"	10		John Holmes
Independence	"	14		M'Callisters sto.
do and Hopewell	"	15		M'Kenzies store
Hopewell township	"	16		Scottsville

N B. Payments can always be made in any adjoining township. H. B. ANDERSON,

april 15 1857 Treasurer.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias Venditioni Exponas and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Beaver county, and to me directed will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry, at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver, Beaver county, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29th, 1857,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following described lot of ground situate in Rochester borough, Beaver county, bounded and described as follows, viz: on the north by alley, east by alley, south by Bridge street, and west by Soap Factory lot, owned by William Waring, containing 100 feet by 50 feet, on which is erected one frame dwelling house; the lot is enclosed and planted in fruit trees. Seized and taken in execution as the property of James G. Bliss, administrator of William Waring, dec'd.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in, and to the following described property situate in Economy township, Beaver county, bounded on the north by land of Bryans', east by Cochran, south by Hill, and west by the Ohio river, containing three hundred acres, more or less, of which about two hundred and thirty are cleared and under fence, on which is erected one two story brick dwelling house, and log barn; there is a good orchard on the premises. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Simpson Moore, at the suit of John Cochran.

JAMES DARRAGH, Sh'ff.

Sh'ffs Office, Beaver, June 9, 1857.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!

Just Received

AND FOR SALE LOW, BY

P. B. YOUNG,

At his old Stand, Corner of 3d and Elm sts

BEAVER, PA.

THE following Patent medicines can always be had at Young's New Drug Store:

Keyser's Cough Syrup, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills, Bowman's Vegetable Compound, Sanford's Invigorator, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Radway's Resolvent, Relief and Pills, Boerhave's Holland Bitters, Wood's Hair Restorative, Prof. De Grath's Oil, Tobias' Liniment, Prof. Reed's Magnetic Oil, M'Lane's Vermifuge and Pills, Fahnestock's Vermifuge and Cough Balsam, Darley's American Heave Remedy, Seller's Cough Syrup and Vermifuge, Kennedy's Discovery, Swaim's Panacea, Myers' Extract of Rock Rose, Sine's Balsam Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoar Hound, Sine's Dysentary Compound, Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger, Godfrey's Cordial, Harlem Oil, Petroleum, Boush's Worm Confections, Merchant's Gargling Oil, Jayne's Carminitive, Trask's magnetic Ointment, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Thompson's and Cook's Eye Water, Kaiser & Bros. Arnica Ointment, and many others too numerous to mention, always on hand. may 6,'57.

BEAVER MARKET.

BEAVER, June 23, 1857

(*Corrected Weekly*)

FLOUR—Per hundred	$4.40
RYE FLOUR—per cwt	2.75
WHEAT—per bushel	1,40
RYE—per bushel	90
CORN—per bushel	1,00
OATS—per bushel	40
BEEF—round	10
PORK—round	8
BUTTER—per pound	14
EGGS—per dozen	11
POTATOES—per bushel	1,25

PITTSBURGH MARKET

PITTSBURGH, June 23, 1857

FLOUR—Ex $6,50@6,75, Family $90 a 7,00	
WHEAT—per bushel	1,40 a 1,50
CORN—per bushel	90 a 95
RYE—per bushel	85 a 90
OATS—per bushel	50 a 55
HAY—per ton	$10 a 14
POTATOES—per bushel	$1,50 a 1,62
BUTTER—per pound	13 a 14
EGGS—per dozen	14 a 15
BACON—should's 11; hams 13 sides 12½	

Classification of Retailers

Or Merchandise, the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the United States, and dealers in Foreign Merchandise, in the County of Beaver, for the year 1857.

	Class.	Am't.
Borough Township:		
Thomas M'Creery,	13	10 00
Hugh Anderson,	13	10 00
John Barclay & Son	13	10 00
James Allison,	14	7 00
Benjamin Adams,	14	7 00
Wilson & McGaffick,	14	7 00
H. Kahler,	14	7 00
Thomas Allison,	13	10 00
B. S. Rainger,	14	7 00
C. B. Hurst,	12	12 50
Joseph Braun,	14	7 00
M. & S. H. Darragh,	13	10 00
P. B. Young,	14	7 00
A. S. Harvey,	14	7 00
Azariah Wynn,	14	7 00
Barnes & Nicholson,	14	7 00
I. N. Atkins,	14	7 00
David Ramsey,	14	7 00
J. T. Logan,	14	7 00
Big Beaver Township.		
William Enkin,	13	10 00
Cornelius McBride,	14	7 00
M. A. Blackburn,	14	7 00
J. B. Johnston,	14	7 00
Darlington Township		
John R. Elder,	13	10 00
J. White & Co.	13	10 00
Duff & Caughey	13	10 00
Independence Township.		
Daniel M'Callister,	14	7 00
Economy Township.		
John Nichols,	14	7 00
J. & W. Breitenstein,	13	10 00
William Rea,	14	7 00
Freedom Borough.		
J. T. & C. W. Fisher,	14	7 00
Samuel Baker,	14	7 00
Wagner & Lowry,	14	7 00
John H. Hetchie,	14	7 00
McConnell & Bentel,	13	10 00
Greene Township.		
Charles Calhoun,	14	7 00
J. H. Diehl & Co.	13	10 00
Joseph McFerran,	14	7 00
Michael Christler,	14	7 00
Joseph Hall,	13	10 00
John Galbreath,	13	10 00
Patton & Miller,	14	7 00
Harmony Township.		
R. L. Baker, Trustee,	14	7 00
Hanover Township.		
William H. Frazier,	13	10 00
Thomas Nicholson & Co.,	14	7 00
James Morrison,	13	10 00
H. Moore & Co.		
Industry Township		
Charles Hays,	14	7 00
Jacob Russell,	14	7 00
Jacob Ross,	14	7 00
Marion Township.		
William Buhl,	14	7 00
George Rohmler,	14	7 00
Fallston Borough.		
J. T. Cunningham & Co.,	14	7 00
Duncan, Edgar & Co.,	11	15 00
G. C. Bradshaw,	13	10 00
William Cannon, jr.	14	7 00
Hopewell Township.		
Scott & Orr,	13	10 00
J. P. M'Kenzie,	14	7 00
New Brighton Borough.		
H. T. & J. Reeves,	13	10 00
William Kennedy,	11	15 00
M. McLaughlin,	14	7 00
L. Farren,	14	7 00
M. Gilliland,	12	12 50
J. B. Anderson,	14	7 00
D. A. Glass,	14	7 00
William M. Chase,	13	10 00
John Sargent,	14	7 00
Wm. H. Powell,	14	7 00
J. C. Rainbow,	14	7 00
New Sewickly Township.		
C. Kashner,	14	7 00
Jacob Wagner,	14	7 00
George Rousher,	14	7 00
Abraham Hunter,	14	7 00
Ohio Township.		
S. T. Blackmore & Co.,	12	12 50
J. & S. Smith,	13	10 00
Samuel McFarland,	14	7 00
John Kerr,	14	7 00
Phillipsburg Borough.		
Francis Le Gouilon,	14	7 00
Anthony Knapper,	14	7 00
Rochester Borough.		
John Stiles,	13	10 00
T. M. Taylor,	11	15 00
Phillip Rees,	13	10 00
William D. Johnston,	13	10 00
B. De Forrest, Ag't,	13	10 00
R. L. Higgins,	14	7 00
William Alexander,	14	7 00
Cross & Gardner,	12	12 50
Samuel Moore,	14	7 00
David Cohen,	14	7 00
G. H Speyerer: also selling liquor with goods,	12	50 00
Raccoon Township.		
John McKibben,	14	7 00
William Sterling jr.	14	7 00
W. & A. Harrison,	14	7 00
John N. Dougherty,	14	7 00
Calhoun & Todd,	14	7 00
South Beaver Township.		
William McKee,	14	7 00
William M'Millin,	14	7 00
EXCHANGE BROKERS &c.		
William R. Sterling N. Brighton bor.; Commissions, Abatements, &c., $1000, @ 3 per ct.		30 00
RETAILERS OF COMPOUND MEDICINES &c IN BEAVER COUNTY, FOR YEAR 1857.		
O. Cunningham, Borough,	3	10 00
J. C. Levis & Co.	3	10 00
P. B. Young,	4	5 00
Chas. L. Kaiser, Rochester bor	3	10 00
John Sargent New Brighton bor:	3	10 00
Francis Roops, "	4	5 00
M. Gilliland, "	4	5 00
John Black, Darlington bor.	4	5 00
BREWERS & DISTILLERS:		
R. L. Baker, Trustee, Harmony township,	10	50 00
H. P. Mueller, Darlington tp.	10	50 00

RESTAURANTS & EATING HOUSES.

John Stiles, Rochester bor.		7
John M. M'Kee,	"	8
Samuel Johnston	"	8
John Jackson, New Brighton bor.		8
Casper Whitsell,	"	8
John Boswell,	"	7

☞ NOTICE is hereby given, to all dealers in Merchandise, &c., that the undersigned has appointed WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Commissioner's Office, in Beaver, for hearing appeals from the foregoing classifications, and to arrange and class any who have since started, or been omitted. Those of the 11th Class are estimated to sell to the amount of $15,000, and less than $20,000; those of the 12th Class to the am't of $10,000, and less than $15,000; those of the 13th Class to the amount of $5,000, and less than $10,000; those of the 14th Class to the amount of $1,000, and less than $5,000. Annual sales under $1,000 are not taxable.

☞ No appeal can be made after the above date. WILLIAM REED,

may 30, 1857. Appraiser Com. Taxes.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER?

Use Kaiser's

CELEBRATED GERMAN ARNICA

OINTMENT

A never failing remedy for Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, sprains, pains, bruises, pain in the back, stiffness or numbness of the limbs, or weakness in the joints, swellings, sore throat, burns, scalds, cuts, old sores, frosted feet, neuralgic affections, &c., and in fact for all diseases which require an external application; as such it has no equal. The numerous remarkable cures effected by the use of the German Arnica Ointment, and the large and constantly increasing demand for the same, has led the Proprietors to bring this invaluable remedy before the public, and take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted.

Wm. Plate, of Bridgewater, Pa., writes to us: I have used Kaiser's Celebrated German Arnica Ointment for a very severe bruise, and it has effected an immediate cure; therefore, I feel it my duty to recommend this Ointment to all similarly afflicted. WM. PLATE.

Bridgewater May 9th '57. Watchmaker

I have used Charles L. Kaiser & Bro's Arnica Ointment, and believe it the best curative for a burn I have ever tried. S. E. DARRAGH.

Sharon, May 1st, 1857.

Prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail by C. L. Kaiser & Bro., Druggists, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., Proprietors.

Agents for Boerhave's Holland Bitters, Clarke's Female Pills, Bowman's Vegetable Compound, Jayne's Family Medicines, and all other Patent Medicines of the day.. June 8 1857

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Alexander Davis, Hopewell tp., Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber, residing in said township, for settlement.

JOHN R. McDONALD, Adm'r.

June 3 1857*

Notice to Bridge Builders.

PROPOSALS will be received by the County Commissioners, at their office, in Beaver, until the first day of July next, for the following work, viz:

For building a bridge over Brady's Run, where the public road from Beaver to Darlington, crosses said run, near John Small's sawmill.

For re-building the bridge on Connequenessing Creek, near Mellon's Mill, in Franklin township, which bridge was carried away by the late freshet.

For re-constructing the Pier of the bridge over Connequenessing Creek, at Dr. R. Cunningham's, in North Sewickly tp.

Plans and Specifications of the same will be exhibited at the office. By order.

May 27 1857 R. H. AGNEW, Clerk.

Just Received

At the Rochester Drug Store, Sign of the Golden Mortar:

10,000 Havana Segars, different kinds.
4 doz Balm of Thousand Flowers.
6 " ween fun
1 gross Sir James Clarke's Female Pills.
5 " M'Lanes Pills and Vermifuge.
Dr. A. Jaynes Family medicines.
10 doz. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
2 casks Catawba Wine and Brandy.
6 doz Bowman's Vegetable Compound.
5 gross Boerhave's Holland Bitters.
Shoulder Braces of all descriptions.
1 gross Radway's Remedies.
1 " Perry Davis' Painkiller.

For sale low by

C. L. KAISER & BRO.,

Proprietors of Kaiser's Celebrated German Arnica Ointment. May 27, 1867.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of Mary Johnston, deceased, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. R. A. MOON, Executor.

may 20 1857.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on Saturday the 25th day of July next, the following described real estate, the estate of Henry Small, late of said county, dec'd, viz. Purpart No 3, lying and being situate in Brighton tp., in said county, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, bounded and described as follows, viz: Commencing on the east end of said tract near the road, thence S 67°, W. 40 perches, N. 87°, W. 18 per, N. 86°, W. 16 per, N. 11°, W. 68 per, N. 20°, E. 122 per, S. 88½°, E. 18 per, S. 14°, E. 7 per, S. 41°, W. 26 per, S. 16°, W. 42 per, S. 26°, E. 31 per, S. 34°, E. 67 per, S. 15°, E. 14 4 10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 41 acres 9 perches—nearly all of which is cleared and under fence, and in a good state of cultivation—there is also coal and limestone.

Also, A house and lot in the Borough of Beaver, being lot No. 167 in the general plan of said Borough, to be sold at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

Also, The undivided one-half of a lot in the Borough of New Brighton, being No 255 in the plan of said Borough—to be sold at 4 o'clock, P. M. of said day.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, one third in one year thereafter, with interest from same time—the deferred instalment to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the life of the widow, and the interest thereof to be paid to her annually, from and after the confirmation.

For information apply to P. L. Grim, acting administrator, (Bridgewater.)

By order of Court,

June 17, 1857. WM. K. BODEN, Cl'k.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between John C. Levis and Samuel Miller in the Drug business, under the style of Levis & Miller is now dissolved from this date, by mutual consent. All persons having claims against us as a firm are requested to hand in their accounts to Samuel Miller, who remains in the business at the old stand. Either are authorized to collect and receipt for debts due.

Bridgewater, } JNO. C. LEVIS.
June 10, 1857. } SAMUEL MILLER.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

If you want Patent medicines or any other kind of medicines, call at Young's, and buy them cheap and pure. may6,'57.

Spring Trade for 1857.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Drugs,	Lard Oil,	Linseed Oil,	Window Glass,
Medicines,	Alcohol,	Turpentine,	Glassware,
Chemicals,	Tanners' Oil,	Varnishes,	Perfumery,
Dye Stuffs,	Sperm Oil,	Brushes,	Patent Medicines,
Paints,	Whale Oil	Spices,	Sewing Instruments.

MANUFACTURES OF

WHITE LEAD AND LINSEED OIL.

Our White Lead, ground in Oil, is pure; is warranted to be strictly pure and full weight and superior in fineness and whiteness.

Our facilities for the purchase and importation of Drugs, &c. are such as enable us to sell on as favorable terms as Eastern Jobbing House.

Feb. 11, 1857.

Superior Clothing, for Men and Boys,

At low rates for Cash.

Extensive arrangements for the Spring trade, at Carnaghan's Clothing Hall and Furnishing Store, Federal St., near the Post Office, Allegheny city, Pa.

UNUSUAL inducements are now being held out to buyers of Fashionable Clothing, at the above place, as a very full stock of new style garments, both in Gents and Boys' wear, has been prepared for the opening of the season. All goods sold at this establishment are of an excellent character, being well sponged and carefully made, even to the commonest article in the stock. A choice variety of price goods, for custom work, is always on hands, embracing the higher grades of French and English Fabrics; and having recently secured the services of a popular Cutter from the East, whose taste and skill have gained him a high reputation among first class establishments in New York and Philadelphia, it is believed that no house in Western Pennsylvania enjoys better facilities for turning out handsome, graceful garments. A full stock of men and boys' white and colored shirts, underwear of silk, wool and cotton. Hosiery, gloves, ties, cravats, &c., will be found at low rates. Cash buyers are invited to examine the stock. March 25, 1857.

SPRING GOODS!

Wilson, McElroy & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO GEORGE P. SMITH & CO.,

No. 54 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Are now receiving a large and varied stock of IMPORTED and

Domestic Dry Goods,

To which the attention of the trade is invited Mar. 4 1857.

THE MEDICINE OF THE MILLION

PHILOSOPHY AND FACT.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

THE EXCITING CAUSE OF SICKNESS.

The blood is the life-sustaining agent. It furnishes the components of flesh, bone, muscle, nerve and integument. The stomach is its manufactory, the veins its distributors, and the intestines the channel through which the waste matter rejected in its productions is expelled. Upon the stomach, the circulation and the bowels, these Pills act simultaneously, relieving indigestion, purifying the fluids, and regulating the excretions.

DYSPEPSIA—NATIONAL COMPLAINT.

Dyspepsia is the national complaint of all classes in this country. It assumes a thousand shapes, and is the primary source of innumerable dangerous maladies; but wherever its type or symptoms, however obstinate its resistance to ordinary preparations, it yields readily and rapidly to this searching and unerring remedy.

BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes this fluid, these Pills operate specifically, infallibly rectifying its irregularities, and effectually curing Jaundice, Bilious Remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of gorhaet. n

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

Unless the bowels perform their functions properly, the whole body suffers. Tens of thousands die annually of Dysentery, Diarrhœa Chronic Constipation, and other diseases of these waste pipes of the system. The effect of the Pills upon all intestinal disorders, whether casual or epidemic, is a phenomenon in medicine. By following the printed directions, the most alarming cases of bowel complaint are promptly controlled.

A WORD TO FEMALES.

The local debility and irregularities which are the especial annoyances of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shorten life, are relieved for the time being, and prevented for the time to come,

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE
PITTSBURGH PA.

Founded in 1840 and incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with perpetual charter.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States,
Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS,
Hon. MOSES Hampton,
Hon. WALTER H. LOWRIE,
Hon. CHARLES NAYLOR,
Gen. J. K. MOORHEAD,
P. DUFF, (author of Duff's system of Mercantile and Steamboat Book-keeping) President of the faculty, consisting of from twelve to fifteen Professors and Lecturers. (See circular p 2.)

This institution (founded nearly one-fifth of a century ago,) has ever since had all the advantages of the proprietors previous extensive experience in the realities and details of actual business; in perfecting the collegiate course, consisting of

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING.

An adequate idea of the perfection and extent of this part of the course of study can only be obtained from the circular, page 4.

Converting Single into Double Entry Books

An operation never before explained by any writers on accounts.

Boub's Entry Steamboat Book-Keeping.

Closing six complete sets of books, kept with and without the journal.

Commercial and Ornamental Penmanship

Taught by one of the best penmen in the country, as will be seen by his specimens.

Commercial Computation.

Embracing about 400 business computations not found in any Arithmetic. See a few selected problems in circular, page 21.

Mercantile Law.

These instructive and suggestive lectures are regularly delivered by several eminent members of the Bar.

Commercial Ethics.

A highly interesting and instructive branch of commercial education.

Commercial Correspondence.

Exemplifying a large number of practical forms of business letters.

Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes.

This was the first institution in the country to introduce this important and valuable branch of education. See list of Bankers recommendations, circular, page 20.

CAUTION.

Our scholarships are sold in our office only. No respectable institution that can dispose of them at home will have them hawked around the country by agents. Wary persons can perceive that colleges requiring this financeering device to keep on their legs, must make the heavy agency expenses come out of their students at last, who will find the college better supplied with "paper professors" than real ones.

Students have access to a library of 3,000 volumes.

Pamphlet circulars and specimens of Penmanship mailed free to all parts of the country.

Duff's Bookkeeping, Harper's new edition, pp. 222 royal octavo. Price $1.50, postage 21 cents.

Duff's Steamboat Bookkeeping. Price $1; postage 9 cents.

See report of the New York Chamber of Commerce, on Duff's Book-keeping, circular, page 17.

Refer to 300 Merchants and Accountants, circular, page 23; and to 28 octavo columns of Students, page 27 to 41. april 22, 1857.

P. HAYDEN,
(Successor to W. H. Wright,)

MANUFACTURER OF

ETHEREAL OIL AND LAMPS.

No. 52 4th St. between Wood and Market.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish dealers with Ethereal Oil and Burning Fluids of a superior qurlity, of his own manufacture. Also,

Alcohol, Camphene, and Pine Oils.

And every description of Side and Centre Table Lamps, Girondoles, Candelebras, of the latest paterns and most approved style.

Chandeliers, Girondoles and Lamps, repaired and regilded.

may,6,'57. P. HAYDEN.

Chance for an Investment.
VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.
AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold, on the 23d of June at Public Auction, unless previously disposed of at private sale, that valuable property in Rochester, Beaver county, known as the property of Israel Gray. It consists of a large lot extending 194 feet on Brighton, and 60 feet on Bridge street, upon which is erected a large dwelling house, good storeroom, warehouse, &c, &c. There are on the premises a choice lot of fruit trees, and an unfailing spring of water. Also a large lot, or block of lots, upon which is erected a store-house. Also, an enclosed lot, containing about ¾ of an acre. The above are valuable pieces of property, desirably situated, and offering a rare chance to purchasers for profitable investment.

☞ For further particulars apply to P. REES, on the premises, or to

H. N. FRAZIER, Ag't.

Rochester, May 9, 1857.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Importer and Dealer in Hardware,

No. 71 Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street. Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE subscriber is now receiving from England and American Manufacturers, his spring stock of Hardware, consisting in part of knives, forks, pen and pocket knifes, spoons, locks, hinges, screws, files, scythes, corn hoes, carpenters tools, chain pump fixtures, &c., &c. All of which will sold on the lowest terms.

Mar. 11, 1857. SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Drs. Simpson and Stewart, of New Brighton, Pa., is this day by mutual consent dissolved. Dr Simpson may be consulted hereafter by his friends at his office in Rochester, and Dr Stewart at his office, (the former office of Simpson and Stewart,) New Brighton.

W. W. SIMPSON,
THOS. STEWART.

March 28, 1857.*

THOS. KENNEDY, JR. .....JOHN T. SHANE.

THOMAS KENNEDY, JR., & CO.,
No. 62, Cor Wood and 4th sts,
PITTSBURGH, PA:

WE are now opening a large and well selected stock of FANCY and VARIETY GOODS including Combs, Thread, Willow-ware, Toys, Looking Glasses and Jewelry of all kinds. As we manufacture our own looking Glasses, we are enabled to sell them as low as they can be bought in any market. We invite the attention of purchasers before going east or buying elsewhere. Particular attention paid to orders.

Mar 4, 1857.

BONNETS—Silk, Crape, Straw and Braid Bonnets, of the latest style, just rec'd at may 6 TAYLOR'S.

ADMINISTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of JOHN S. CREECH, dec'd., late of New Sewickly township, Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN HESSON,
C. BLACK,
may 6, '57. Adm'rs

HATS, Caps, Boots and Shoes, at
Oct. 22. YOUNG & THOMAS

BONNETS of latest style, with trimmings to match, at TAYLOR'S
April 16, 1856 Rochester on the hill.

1857 1857
Spring Goods.

I. M. TAYLOR, Rochester on the hill, has just opened an unusually large and varied stock of Spring Goods, embracing silks, delaines, challices, debeges, French ginghams, embroideries, hosiery, gloves, shawls, bonnets, shoes &c., together with a full stock of Domestic and house keeping goods, to which the attention of the public is very respectfully invited. march 18 1857.

T. J. CHANDLER.....M. E. GILLESPIE

A CARD.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of Dental Surgery, Dr. M. E. Gillespie, (late of Crestline, Ohio,) under the name of Chandler & Gillespie, where we are prepared to perform all the operations of the profession, in the most approved manner. Teeth from one to full sets inserted in gold or silver plate.—Also full or partial setts on gutta percha vase.

We are also prepared to insert teeth in entire porcelain base, which cannot fail to please the most fastidious, in beauty and cleanliness. we invite attention to our specimens.

All those indebted to me by note or book account, will please call and settle, as I am anxious to close my old books. T. J. CHANDLER.

Rochester, Aug. 6, 1856–6 m.

DENTAL SURGERY.

J MURRAY would announce to the public that he has, at considerable cost, procured the latest improvements in the profession, and is now prepared to accommodate every variety of public taste.

1st. Single gum-teeth, on gold or silver plate

2d. Block-teeth, on gold plate, presenting a continuous gum.

3d, Indestructible teeth on Gutta Percha base.

As this last is a new mode of inserting teeth, should it fail to render satisfaction after a fair trial, I will replace the work with gold or silver.

Office and residence on Market Street, opposite the Market House, Bridgewater.

Bridgewater, Jan. 2, 1856

THE PHILLIPSBURGH
WATER CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE present physician of this place respectfully informs the citizens of Beaver and the adjoining counties, that he has lately opened and greatly improved the above institution, and carries on successfully, the treatment, by water.

His long experience in that branch of healing art enables him to cure diseases uncontrollable under any other system. He would also notify the public in the neighborhood, that he practices the Alloepathic and Homoepathic systems, and will attend to all calls as a physician and surgeon through the neighborhood.

The subscriber being a regular educated physician, and having practiced medicine and surgery during nearly 20 years, is enabled to respond to all reasonable expectations from those that place themselves under his care.

aug. 27, 1856. C. BAEZ, M. D.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber, living in Hopewell tp., Beaver county, will offer for sale, a tract of land lying on the Ohio river bank, containing about 90 acres. About 44 acres cleared, 30 of which is river bottom. The farm lies opposite Economy station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., and would be convenient to Pittsburgh, should any one desire it for gardening purposes. On the farm is a small frame house and a large frame barn, &c. For further information inquire of R. L. Baker, Esq., of Economy, or the subscriber living in Logstown Valley.

P. S. If all of the above tract cannot be sold I will sell a part of it. WM, M'DONALD.

March 4 1857.

New Goods.
AT
M'CONNELL & BENTEL'S.

THEY have just received their Spring and Summer goods, at their new store. Their stock is large and well selected, which they offer at as low prices as can be had at any establishment in the county. All they ask is for the public to call and examine their stock, and be convinced that they do sell goods as low as any establishment in this section. Our stock of Dry Goods is complete. Hats and Caps of all kinds. Bonnets of every style, and all kinds of Bonnet trimmings. Groceries and Provisions always kept on hand.

M'CONNEL & BENTEL.

Freedom, april 22 '57.

FOR MAY!

A splendid stock of

Lawns,	Brilliants,	Ginghams,
Challeys,	Calicoes,	Muslins,
Linens,	Checks,	&c., &c.

Opened this day, and will be sold low.

T. M. TAYLOR,
may 6, 1856, Rochester on the hill.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Margaret Shields, dec'd late of Independence tp., Beaver co., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. STANDISH, Executor.

June 10, 1857.

KNIT Wool Goods.—Sacks, Hoods, Opera caps, cuffs, sleeves, Ladies' merino vests, victorines &c., just opened at TAYLOR'S.

BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS, at (may6,'57.) YOUNG'S.

SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES.—The undersigned wishing to reduce his Stock will sell at reduced Prices from this date until april 1st for Cash or approved Produce.

Feb. 4, 1856. Wm THOMAS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber having taken charge of the Sharon Steam Flouring Mill, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom. His facilities for grinding are fully equal to any in the county. If good wheat is sent to this mill, he will insure good flour, and a good yield.

may 27 1857. JOHN H. POWELL.

Carriage for Sale

A friend has left with the subscriber, for sale, a very fine one horse carriage, suitable for a family It will be sold low.

April 29, '57. DANIEL AGNEW.

OHN M. LUKENS, G. F. LUKENS, W. LUKENS.

LUKENS & SONS,
Forwarding, and Commission Merchants
Rochester, Pa Agents for steamer Michigan No. 2, between Pittsburgh and Beaver. ap2

FINE Kid Boots for Ladies, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

STELLA and Cashmere Shawls, from $2 to $6, just received at TAYLOR'S.
march 18 1857.

SHAWLS, Palmas, comforts, blankets, glove woolen and buckskin, socks, woolen and cotton at Young & Thomas's.

SHOES—The best assortment for ladies misses and children, at TAYLOR'S,
April 16, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

LADIES SHOES—20 dozen ladies morocco boots. 20 doz. gum over shoes and sandshoe, just received at TAYLOR'S.
ovember 19, 1856.

BRILLIANTS AND LAWNS—A fresh supply just received, and selling low, at TAYLOR'S,
April 30, 1856, Rochester on the hill.

PERFUMERY and Flavoring Extracts can always be found at P. B. YOUNG'S.

KID and French Morocco Buskins, a very fine article, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater:

Removal.

W. G. CHITTICK & Co.,
HAVE REMOVED TO
No. 164 Market, and No. 35, Merchant Streets,
Where they have now on exhibition
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF AMERICAN DRY GOODS,
Adapted to first-class trade in every section of the country,
BLEACHED SHIRTINGS.
PRINTS,
COTTONADES,
TWEEDS,
JEANS,
SATINETS.
ALSO THEIR
SPRING IMPORTATION,
OF
Foreign Goods,

Which for Elegance,
Variety and
Cheapness
Is unsurpassed,
CASH AND CLOSE BUYERS
Will find it greatly to their advantage to give this Stock a careful examination before purchasing.

Organdies, Barèges,
Tissues, Jaconets,
Challics, Ducales,
Ginghams, Brilliantines,
Shawls, Embroideries,
Laces, Ribbons,
Hosiery, Linens,
Grenadine Robes,
Organdy Robes,
Jaconet Robes,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
A large line of Mohair de Deges,
AND
The best make of Corduroy goods Import'd
No. 164, MARKET STREET,
South side, three doors below Fifth street,
feb 25 1857 PHILADELPHIA.

BOERHAVE'S
HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND
FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequent upon disordered

STOMACH AND LIVER.

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the stomach, Colicky Pains, Heatburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner. Because of its great value as a medicine in the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve raised up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE!—Whoever expects to find in this beverage will be disappointed, but to the sick weak and low spirited, it will prove a greatful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedia properties.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

☞ Sold at $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5·00, sold by the proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co. Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WALL PAPER.
W. P. MARSHALL & CO.
At No. 87, Wood street, Pittsburgh,

Are now opening a large and new stock of PAPER HANGING of every description for the Spring Trade, suitable for

Drawing Rooms,
Parlors,
Dining Rooms,
Halls and
Chambers.

Embracing the newest designs of pattern. Also Window Shades in great variety, at prices that will suit the Country Trade.

Mar 4, 1857.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Robert Culberson dec'd, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN CULBERSON,
April 29, 1857. Administrator.

CHAMBERLIN & CUTHBERTSON,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Office on Broadway, 3d door below Merrick House New Brighton. apr19

FRENCH leather Boots for Ladies and Misses, a new style for winter, made to order, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dec10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater

BLACK and tan colored Gaiters, for Ladies and Misses, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

PARAMETA, Coburg, Thibet and Madana cloths, delaines, Persian and all Wool Plaids, robes and poplins, at
Oct. 22. YOUNG & THOMAS.

WHITE GOODS.—Plain, dotted, barred and striped swiss, plain and striped nansooks and brilliantes, Victoria lawn, Berlin cord, dimity, mulls &c., just opened at TAYLOR'S
march 18, 1857

JOSEPH H. WILSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office in the Lawrence house, on the North side of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa. Jan 7 1857

FALL and winter bonnets, silk and straw bonnet trimmings of all kinds at
YOUNG & THOMAS.

CASH paid for Butter and Eggs, at
Jan 7 1857 A. S. HARVEY'S.
No. 3, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

AYER'S PILLS,

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers, Heat, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is alike true of Colds, Feverish symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or produce the deep seated and formidable distempers which load the hearses all over the land. Hence a reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. Its extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention

DR. A. A. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston, and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high professional character is endorsed by the

HON. EDWARD EVERETT, Senator of the U. S.

ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ANNOTT LAWRENCE, Minister Plen. to England.

† JOHN B. FITZPATRICK, Cath. Bishop of Boston.

Also, DR. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of New York City, endorsed by

HON. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State.

WM. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America.

S. LELAND & Co., Propr's of the Metropolitan Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrimonious and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident the effects should prove as they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a remedy without knowing its composition, I have supplied the accurate Formulæ by which both my Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If, however, there should be any one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known. Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge of the subject freely acknowledge their conviction of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be the best remedy or medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action — remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and all the organs of the body, restoring their irregular actions to healthy action, wherever they exist, such disease. Being sugar coated, they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

AGENTS—Young & Thomas Beaver, Dr. Smith Bridgewater; C. L. Kaiser, Rochester, Dr. Sargent, New Brighton; John Black Darling on, and by all merchants everywhere. Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

I WOULD most respectfully give notice to the citizens of Bridgewater, Beaver, Rochester and vicinity, that I have received a new stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., which I can sell lower than can be had in Pittsburgh. It is but reasonable to say that goods can be sold lower here than in the large cities; our rent is less, and our living is less. I only ask you to call and I will try and sell the goods.

Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry; old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods or work. Remember the place; sign of the Big Watch, No. 2, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater. WM. PLATE.

A CARD—Having relinquished the business and wishing to settle it, I have left all Watches and Jewelry left me for repairs, with Mr. Wm. Plate, where they can be had when called on. Having a personal knowledge of Mr. Plate, I would recommend him to my old customers for anything in his line.

Apr. 29, '57. HENRY T. PATTON.

NEW STORE!
M'CONNELL & BENTEL,
(Successors to P. Bentel.)

HAVE just opened one of the largest and best stock of Goods ever opened in Freedom, and intend to keep on hand every variety of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Hats, Caps and Bonnets,

Groceries and Provisions of all kinds. We flatter ourselves that we can sell as cheap if not cheaper than any other establishment of the kind in the county.

We invite all to call and see us, and be convinced that we do sell cheap goods.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest prices paid for the same M'CONNELL & BENTEL.

(Opposite P. Bentel's old stand.) Star Copy.

March 11, 1857.

A. Bestwick,

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron Ware,

obbing, Roofing, Spouts, &c., made to order.

☞ Shop on Broadway, one door above Apple street, New Brighton, Pa. (ap4)

HEAVY Calf Skin Boots for Ladies and Misses, with and without heels, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

FRENCH Morocco heel Boots for Ladies, the most fashionable style, at the Shoe store BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

Corn Wanted at the
Rochester Starch Factory.
Feed for Sale at the
Rochester Starch Factory.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

THE subscriber, having purchased and fitted up that well known property at the North-west corner of the Public Square, in Beaver, adjoining the residence of Judge Agnew, is now prepared to accommodate the public, where he will use every exertion to please and make comfortable, all who may call on him.

Beaver, May 6, '57. WM. A. LAIRD.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

DR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases. (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of Biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of Erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure he most desperate ase of rheumatism.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

A benifit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another, after trial it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it and sold about six bottles per day—In April 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it.

Some of the wholesale Druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.

In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—but since its introduction as a general family medicine, great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.

Several cases of epileptic fits—a desease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.

I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever Ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys &c., the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonfull. Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day. Manufactured by

DONALD KENNEDY,
No 120, Warren St. Roxbury, Mass.
PRICE $1.

☞ T. W. Dyott & Sons, Philadelphia, Gen'ls Ag'ts for Pa. For sale by WP Phillips, Freedom; C L Kaiser, Rochester; and Dr. S Smith, Bridgewater; General wholesale agents Western Pa., Geo. H. Keyser, 146 Wood St. Pittsburgh, P. Flemming Federal St. Allegheny City, Lacky & Young, Beaver.

A. BAUSMAN. J. A. BAUSMAN.

Bausman & Co.

Exchange, Land and Real Estate Agents,
Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

BUY, SELL & LOCATE LAND WARRANS

INVEST money for parties at western rates of interest. Taxes paid for residents or non-residents. Investments made in Government lands. Taxes paid, and all trouble and other expenses borne by us, for one-eighth of gross proceeds. Interest, at ten per cent, per annum, allowed on all special deposites, for six months, or longer time.

Parties desiring government or other lands, can rely upon us for a full and correct description of either, and the lowest market rates.

Orders for government lands will be attended to as soon after receipt as possible.

Remittances can be made in drafts on New York, or by depositing money in any good bank in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington D. C., or Pittsburgh.

Applications made for Des Moines River lands for settlers. Improved and unimproved prairie and timber lands bought and sold. Bills of exchange on Eastern cities bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

Hon Wm F Johnston, pres. A V R R Co., Pittsburgh, Col. Wilson McCandless, do. Robert Anderson, P. M. do; Messrs. Kramer & Rahm, Bankers, do; Hon Joshua R Giddings, Jeffer son, Ohio; A P Lacock, Esq., Beaver, Pa.; Joseph Chamberlain, Cleveland, Ohio; Hon John Allison, New Brighton, Pa.; John Linton, Esq., Rochester, Pa.; Treasurer's Savings Bank Washington, D. C.; Cashier State Bank Ohio, Guernsey Branch; Messrs. Gallaher & Co., Bankers, Washington, D C. may 21, 1856

Choice Farm for Sale.

BY order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, on Friday the 19th day of June, 1857, at 2 o'clock P. M., one hundred acres of land, the farm of John Wise, dec'd, situate in Franklin Township, Beaver County, on the State road leading from Pittsburgh to New Castle; 80 acres improved and under good fence, 20 acres good white oak timber land, a good two story dwelling house, good new frame bank barn with stone wall and stabling underneath. Some 120 choice bearing apple trees, many of them grafted winter fruit, some pear, quince and a variety of cherry trees. Several never failing springs, springhouse, stables, shops, &c., on the premises; near the flouring and other mills on Slipperyrock creek. Soil productive and situation healthful.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money on the confirmation of sale by the Court, one third in one year therefrom, with interest, and one third to be held on annual interest till decease of the intestates widow. For information enquire of JOSEPH H. WILSON, Beaver,
Trustee of sale,
ANDREW H. ZEIGLER, Harmony,
JOHN ZEIGLER, near the premises.
Attest, W. K. BODEN, Cl'k. (Star copy.)
apr 8 1857

CHAIRS! CHAIRS!!

JOHN M'CUNE still continues the manufacture of every kind of plain and ornamental Chairs. Call and examine my stock. Shop opposite Hugh Anderson's Grocery, on 3d street The stock is lower than ever before offered in this market. Old Chairs painted or grained, and made to look as well as new.

Beaver, Dec. 13, 1854.

Low by the Piece.

100 pieces bleached muslins, assorted.
6 bales brown do
200 pieces Cocheco and other prints.
50 pieces Lancaster ginghams.
June 4. T. M. TAYLOR.

PLASTER Cement and Grindstones.—Plaster for land and stucco work. Cement for public works, cisterns, etc. Grindstones of all sizes on hand, at 319, Liberty st, Pittsburgh.
may 21, 1856. W. W. WALLACE.

Glad News.

FULL OF HOPE TO THE AFFLICTED AND SUFFERING!

Many of the thousand portals of Death may be closed, and life made happier, and more comfortable to thousands who are now in danger. Doubtless this world contains many a balm to soothe its physical woes and cure its diseases. Among those in prominent rank, stands

BOWMAN'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

A SAFE and speedy cure for Consumption, not only in those milder forms of Throat and Lung Diseases, such as colds, coughs, quinsey, difficulty of breathing, bronchitis, Ministers' sore throat, weakness of the chest, asthma, inward ulcer, spitting of blood, influenza, croup, whooping-cough, pain in the breast and side, hoarseness, catarrh and catarrhal affections, inflammation of the lungs, bleeding of the lungs, and such like. But its superior excellence is seen and tested in the more advanced affections of the lungs. For the truth of the above statement and the efficiency of the preparations as an antidote, we refer the public to the following testimonials:

Language is scarcely strong enough to tell the great power of this

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY!

The doubting may try and be convinced.

The Proprietors point to the following bona fide certificates with confidence on the community; they are but samples of the many hundreds of testimonials in our possession:

Philadelphia, Aug. 15, 1856.—Last spring, while in Pittsburgh, I had a bad cold and cough, which troubled me much, and a friend of mine gave me a bottle of Bowman's Vegetable Compound for diseases of the throat and lungs, which I commenced taking, and found relief almost immediately. I had taken many things for cough and hoarseness, but never got anything to help me as it has done. I believe it to be the best antidote for coughs and hoarseness that is out, and cheerfully recommend it to the public. THOS. H. STOCKTON.
Pastor 1st Prot. Meth. Church.

From Judge Vanhorn, of the District Court at Cincinnatia.

Cincinnati, May 4, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for bronchitis and cough, and believe it to be the best medicine out for those diseases, and the only one I ever got to give me any permanent relief. It will cure. I recommend it to the public as an honest and efficient medicine, and will perform what it is published to do. W. VANHORN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound in my family, for coughs, colds and Ministers' sore throat and believe it to be the best thing that I ever got for those complaints, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

REV. J. GASTON,
Pastor of the Clinton st. M. E. Church,
June 10, 1855. Cincinnati.

Here is one from the old pioneer Methodist preacher of Ohio, Rev. J. B. Finley.

I believe Bowman's Vegetable Compound to be the best remedy for Diseased Throat and Lungs, of the day. I have tested it, and found it to be the best of all the popular remedies I ever tried, and I have tried very many. I recommend it to the public. Try it and you will be convinced of its superiority.

Cincinnati July 1856. Rev. J. B. FINLEY.

Hear what the celebrated Dr. Peck says:

New York, May 12, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for coughs and hoarseness in speaking; and believe it to be the best preparation for Throat and Lung complaints I ever got; and I recommend it to the public speaker and singer, as well as those afflicted with Lung diseases. J. T. PECK.

Hear what Dr. Benson, of Cincinnati, says:

[Extract from a letter.]

"Bowman's Vegetable Compound contains a virtue which is not possessed by any other popular medicine in my knowledge. It does not only smoothe the disease over, giving it only temporary relief (like most of patent medicines,) but it commences at the root of the disease, and performs a perfect cure.

G. W. BENSON, M. D.

Our space will not permit us to publish any certificates in full, but we would refer to the following persons, whose letters are in our possession, certifying to its worth:

Rev. Bishop Morris,	Cincinnati,
Rev. Robert Walker,	"
Rev. Joel White,	Economy,
Rev. John Powell,	Portsmouth,
John L. M'Junkin,	Butler,
Henry L. Griffith, Esq.	Pittsburgh,
B. B. Baker,	Wheeling,
Capt. E. Gordon,	Pittsburgh,
John T. M'Combe,	"
Mrs. Mary Morrow,	N. Brighton,
Mrs. M. Evans,	"
Robert Greenlee,	Beaver,
Isaac Sutherland,	Vanport,
Mrs. S. A. Gettys,	Freedom,
Silas Roberts,	Meadville,
Henry Smith,	New Castle,
Mrs. Sarah Lowry,	Lawrence co.
Joseph P. Brown,	"
Martha A. Wilson,	New Castle,
Ex-Gov. W. F. Johnston,	Pittsburgh,
T. C. Cunningham,	Allegheny,
Isaac Whitesides,	"
D. Maratta,	Bridgewater,
Rev. Wm. Smith,	Louisville,
Judge Keys,	Cincinnati,
Capt. Geo. Kennedy,	Wellsville,
James Wilkins,	Alleghony,
J. P. O'Neil,	Steubenville,
Rev. Henry Cline,	Venanco co.
Dr. James Parsons,	Louisville,
Rev. John Watkins,	Maysville,
Capt. Jacob Poe,	Georgetown,
James L. Dodds,	Butler co.
Ex-Gov. Wm. Bigler,	Penn'a,
Rev. G Sechon,	Louisville.

Bowman's Vegetable Compound sold by Druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

C. L. Keyser is our agent at Rochester, Beaver county, Pa. Retail merchants can be supplied at our wholesale prices, by C. L. Kaiser. Also H. T. & J. Reeves, New Brighton. Direct all orders for medicine to D. H. M. Bowman & Co., New Castle, Lawrence county, Pa., sole Proprietors. Agents wanted in every village in the United States and Canadas. Apply by letter or otherwise to the proprietors.

Nov. 19, 1856.

LIME! LIME!
To the Public.

THE undersigned having finished two LIME KILNS, on the farm formerly belonging to Samuel Johnston, Vanport, would respectfully inform the Public, that he is prepared to furnish almost any quantity wanted at the shortest notice. The Lime is of the best quality, and nearly three-fourths of a mile nigher Beaver than any other in the vicinity. J. J. POWER

Refer to Hugh Anderson, Beaver; B S Ranger, Bridgewater; or John Stiles, Rochester.

☞ Address, Rochester, Pa. Apr 29,'57.

Merchant's Hotel.

CORNER SECOND AND SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform this community, that he has recently fitted out this House in the most modern and approved style, and earnestly asks for a share of your patronage. Charges moderate.

JAMES C. M'KEE.

mar14

BONNETS & RIBBONS.—We are receiving fresh supplies every week throughout the season, of the most fashionable styles.

June 4. T. M. TAYLOR.

GLOVE leather patent tip Boots for Ladies at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
de10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater

MAP OF
Beaver and Lawrence Counties,
FROM ACTUAL MEASUREMENT,
And Surveys throughout the County
MADE BY NATHANIEL S. AMES.

The undersigned will publish shortly, Provided a